

Annex 1: Glossary of Terms

The following terms recognize that gender is a self-identification that does not necessarily correspond to sex assigned at birth; physical appearance and genitalia are not the only determinants of gender. It also recognizes that there are many ways to experience and express gender and is intended to include the diverse range of gender identities.

Sex Definitions

Intersex (adj): Refers to a person whose chromosomal, hormonal or anatomical sex characteristics fall outside the conventional classifications of male or female. The designation of "intersex" can be experienced as stigmatizing given the history of medical practitioners imposing it as a diagnosis requiring correction, often through non-consensual surgical or pharmaceutical intervention on infants, children and young adults (some people may not be identified as "intersex" until puberty or even later in life).

Attraction Definitions

Bisexual (adj): A person who experiences attraction to both men and women. Some bisexual people use this term to express attraction to both their own sex and/or gender, as well as to people of a different sex and/or gender.

Gay (adj): A person who experiences attraction to people of the same sex and/or gender—gay can include both male-identified individuals and female-identified individuals, or refer to male-identified individuals only.

Heterosexual: A person who experiences attraction to people of a different sex and/or gender. Also referred to as "straight".

Lesbian (adj or n): A female-identified person who experiences attraction to people of the same sex and/or gender.

Pansexual (adj): A person who experiences attraction to people of diverse sexes and/or genders. The term pansexual reflects a desire to recognize the potential for attraction to sexes and/or genders that exist across a spectrum and to challenge the sex/gender binary.

Egale works to improve the lives of LGBTQI2S people in Canada and to enhance the global response to LGBTQI2S issues. Egale will achieve this by informing public policy, inspiring cultural change, and promoting human rights and inclusion through research, education and community engagement.



Gender Identity Definitions

Cisgender (adj): A person whose gender identity corresponds with the sex assigned to them at birth (e.g., a cisgender man is someone who identifies as a man and who was assigned male sex at birth).

Gender Diverse (adj): An umbrella term for gender identities and/or gender expressions that differ from cultural or societal expectations based on assigned sex.

Transgender (adj): A person who does not identify either fully or in part with the gender associated with the sex assigned to them at birth—often used as an umbrella term to represent a wide range of gender identities and expressions.

Trans (adj): Often used as an umbrella term to encompass a variety of gender-diverse identities, including transgender, transsexual and genderqueer. Some people may identify with these or other specific terms, but not with the term trans. Similarly, some people may identify as trans, but not with other terms under the trans umbrella.

Definitions related to both gender identity and attraction

Queer (adj): A term used by some in LGBTQ communities, particularly youth, as a symbol of pride and affirmation of diversity. This term makes space for the expression of a variety of identities outside of rigid categories associated with sex, gender or attraction. It can be used by a community to encompass a broad spectrum of identities related to sex, gender or attraction (as with the acronym LGBTQI2S), or by an individual to reflect the interrelatedness of these aspects of their identity. Queer was historically a derogatory term for difference, used in particular to insult homosexuality and LGBTQI2S people. Although sometimes still used as a slur, the term has been reclaimed by some members of LGBTQI2S communities.

Two Spirit (or 2-spirit) (adj): An English umbrella term that reflects the many words used in different Indigenous languages to affirm the interrelatedness of multiple aspects of identity—including gender, sexuality, community, culture and spirituality. Prior to the imposition of the sex/gender binary by European colonizers, some Indigenous cultures recognized Two Spirit people as respected members of their communities. Two Spirit people were often accorded special status based upon their unique abilities to understand and move between masculine and feminine perspectives, acting as visionaries, healers and medicine people. Some Indigenous people identify as Two Spirit rather than, or in addition to, identifying as lesbian, gay, bisexual, trans or queer.

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