HUMAN RIGHTS IN BOTSWANA

BOTSWANA UPR PRE-SESSION













CHILD RIGHTS

Implementation of previous recommendations

- The recommendations encompassed human rights issues such as poverty, human trafficking, violence against children and promotion of children's rights. These were made by Cuba, Slovenia, Singapore, Germany, Myanmar and Bhutan.
- None of these recommendations have been fully implemented.

New developments

- In 2018, the Government of Botswana partnered with UNICEF to launch the E Seng Mo Ngwaneng (Not on the Child) Campaign.
- In 2021, the Botswana Police Service announced the launching of a Gender and Child Protection Unit for domestic violence and sexual abuse cases related to children.
- The child friendly police centers are also available in Shakawe, Francistown, Lobatse and Gaborone.
- Botswana conducted a Situational Analysis of the National Plan of Action of Orphans and Vulnerable Children (OVCs) in 2019.

New Needs

- Review the Children's Act of 2009 within a specified timeframe.
- Establish a special budget for supporting Child Protection Committees and strengthen their capacity to carry out their mandate.
- Strengthen capacity of labour inspectors to inspect domestic households and farms to ensure there are no child labour violations.

Recommendations

- Provide information on the number of children who have been subject to abuse and have been successfully removed from foster care / shelters, rehabilitated, and socially reintegrated.
- Establish a special budget for supporting Child Protection Committees and strengthen their capacity to carry out their mandate.
- Review the Children's Act of 2009 within a specified time-frame.

RATIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS INSTRUMENTS AND THEIR DOMESTICATION

Implementation of previous recommendations

• In 2018, it was recommended by Madagascar and Namibia that Botswana ratify those international instruments to which it had committed, including: the International Covenant on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights; the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of Migrant Workers and their Families; the International Convention on the Protection of all Persons from Enforced Disappearances; Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities; Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide; Optional Protocol to the Convention Against Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman, or Degrading Treatment or Punishment; and Third Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child.

New developments

- No information was provided on the progress toward the ratification of these.
- Botswana ratified the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities on 12 July 2021.
 The Draft Disability Policy was approved in November 2021: no information was provided on
 the progress made on the integration of corrections as recommended by Parliament. Other
 Conventions and Covenants have not been ratified.

New needs

 Ratify and domesticate instruments to ensure protection and promotion of peoples' human rights, especially minority and marginalised groups.

Recommendations

- Provide information on when the Conventions already been ratified will be domesticated, including provision of a timeframe.
- Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment.

HUMAN TRAFFICKING

Implementation of previous recommendations

- In 2018 Botswana received 4 recommendations on human trafficking, from the Syrian Arab Republic, Maldives, the Republic of Korea and the Philippines.
- Those recommendations have been partially implemented. Botswana is ranked on Tier 2, It does not fully meet the minimum standards for eliminating trafficking in key areas.

New developments

- On May 2022, the Anti-Human Trafficking Unit, housed under the Ministry of Justice, hosted a workshop at Kang, Botswana to consider the draft Anti-Human Trafficking (Amendment) Bill of 2022.
- Information collection and sharing is also facilitated through the SADC Regional Anti-Trafficking in Persons Data Collection System.
- Approximately 32 cases have been registered since 2015.
- Government of Botswana has signed bilateral agreements with neighboring countries to coordinate efforts to tackle trafficking in persons.

New Needs

- Build shelters to temporarily accommodate victims of human trafficking and provide them with counselling.
- Collaborating with civil society organisations to conduct public awareness on human trafficking.

Recommendations

- Conduct education and awareness-raising campaigns for the public and for all stakeholders involved, including local government officers.
- Provide a date of commencement of the Anti-Human Trafficking (Amendment) Bill of 2022.

Thank you

- from all the members of our UPR NGO Working Group:
 - Botswana Council of Non-Governmental Organisations (BOCONGO)
 - DITSHWANELO The Botswana Centre for Human Rights
 - Lesbians, Gays and Bisexuals of Botswana (LeGaBiBo)
 - Letloa Trust
 - Media Institute of Southern Africa (MISA) Botswana Chapter
 - Rainbow Identity Association (RIA)

and from all the civil society organisations who participated in the consultations.