

Annex 2: Relevant recommendations from the 3rd cycle

121.68 Take further positive measures to better protect the rights of women, children, persons with disabilities and other vulnerable groups;

121.70 Adopt measures to eliminate discrimination against vulnerable senior citizens and persons with disabilities, in particular older women and women with disabilities;

121.71 Continue efforts to combat all forms of discrimination against women and ethnic minorities;

121.72 Continue efforts to combat discrimination against women and to promote gender equality and the implementation of the national strategy to combat gender-based violence;

121.73 Adopt effective measures to eliminate all forms of discrimination against the most vulnerable and neglected groups of women, in particular older women, women with disabilities, rural women and refugee women;

121.85 (noted) Review laws that discriminate against women, in particular articles 1421 and 1428 of the Civil Code relating to the administration of family assets;

121.88 Ensure that women have equal rights to nationality as men under the Nationality Code;

121.89 Review the Nationality Code to ensure that men and women have equal rights in the area of nationality;

121.127 Adopt concrete measures to strengthen the participation of women and minority groups in public life;

121.128 Take steps for the adequate representation of women in political life, and encourage their economic empowerment;

121.130 Support and enhance efforts to promote women's rights, paying particular attention to ensuring equal opportunities in the labour market;

121.131 Intensify efforts to improve work conditions for women workers;

121.132 Continue efforts to ensure gender equality, in particular in the labour market;

121.133 Effectively implement the measures taken against violence against women and in the promotion of equality of men and women, particularly in access to employment;

121.134 Make a greater effort and devote more resources to programmes aimed at promoting employment for young people and women, especially through training and vocational education;

121.141 (noted) Adopt comprehensive legislative and political measures to ensure access to health services for persons with HIV/AIDS and sexual and reproductive education for women and girls, particularly in rural areas;

121.145 (noted) Further intensify its efforts to ensure right of access to health care for all, in particular access to medical care for women;

121.146 (noted) Take all necessary action to reduce maternal mortality;

121.147 (noted) Decriminalize abortion and repeal section 339 (2) of the amended Penal Code to remove the requirement of obtaining certification from a prosecutor before an abortion can be legally obtained;

121.153 Ensure that access to education for children from minorities is guaranteed and respected, without discrimination;

121.157 (noted) Adopt measures preventing sexual harassment by teachers and child marriage, which lead to high dropout rates of girls in secondary schools;

121.158 Step up efforts to raise the school enrolment rate for girls;

121.159 Take steps to effectively ensure the equality of girls and young women at all levels of education, and their retention in schooling;

121.161 Take measures to increase the attendance rate of girls in secondary education;

121.162 Ensure that girls and young women have equal access to all levels of education;

121.163 Fully implement article 356 of the 2016 Penal Code, and criminalize all forms of violence against women and girls, including female genital mutilation and early and forced marriage;

121.164 Continue to fight against female genital mutilation through the implementation of the five-year action plan adopted in 2011 and reviewed in 2016;

121.165 Strengthen its efforts to promote women's rights, particularly in combating gender-based violence and discriminatory practices related to marriage, and collect data disaggregated by gender;

121.166 Fight further against the practice of early and forced marriage;

121.167 (noted) Complete the drafting of the national family policy paper in order to adequately address the issue of early and forced marriage;

121.169 Pursue all efforts to enhance women's empowerment;

121.170 Take necessary measures to ensure effective access to justice for women;

121.171 Continue efforts to eliminate discriminatory and harmful traditional practices against women and girls;

121.172 Assign human, technical and financial resources to the national action plan against female genital mutilation in order to protect the human rights of women and girls;

121.173 Strengthen the implementation of legislation and policies aimed at ending harmful traditional practices, in particular child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation, and ensure that cases of domestic violence are investigated and prosecuted;

121.174 Adopt legal provisions specifically criminalizing female genital mutilation, breast ironing and discriminatory widowhood rites, and include adequate sanctions for perpetrators of such acts;

121.175 Strengthen measures to investigate and punish perpetrators of practices or acts of violence against women, such as female genital mutilation and forced marriage;

121.176 Intensify awareness-raising campaigns throughout the territory to eradicate the practices of female genital mutilation and forced marriage, involving all social actors, including religious and community leaders;

121.177 Continue to combat early and forced marriage by raising awareness of families and local communities;

121.178 Strengthen the fight against gender-based violence, including domestic violence;

121.179 Adopt a law on violence against women, and repeal legal provisions that eliminate the crime of rape if the perpetrator marries the victim;

121.180 Prohibit all forms of domestic violence against women, especially rape in marriage, as the new Penal Code does not cover all forms of violence against women;

121.181 Redouble efforts to eliminate any form of discrimination and violence against women, implementing positive actions and awareness-raising campaigns on the subject;

121.182 Provide women greater access to legal resources, and psychosocial and medical assistance;

121.188 Establish the minimum age for marriage at 18 years for both girls and boys;

121.189 Continue to fight early child marriage;

121.190 Pursue efforts to combat early or forced marriage and violence against children;

121.195 Take the necessary measures to protect refugee and displaced women against all forms of exploitation;