



Public Association "ENSA N DIAMOND"

THE RIGHT TO LIVE A LIFE FREE OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

RECOMMENDATIONS MADE IN THE 3RD CYCLE	CURRENT SITUATION	RECOMMENDATIONS PROPOSED FOR THE 4TH CYCLE
<p>On 20 January 2020, 89 countries formulated their 232 recommendations for Kyrgyzstan within the framework of the UPR.</p> <p>66 recommendations were on the protection of women's rights and gender equality, the topic is among the top 5 topics.</p> <p>The recommendations were related to taking additional measures to achieve gender equality, expand women's educational opportunities, women's participation in politics, improve and effectively implement laws on gender equality and domestic violence, and curb the practice of bride kidnapping and early marriage.</p> <p>The recommendations were given by the following countries: Austria, Spain, Lithuania, Slovenia, Estonia Poland, Sierra Leone, Canada, Latvia, Georgia Portugal, Tajikistan, Albania, Hungary Russia, Germany, Ghana</p>	<p>The KR has a fairly good legislative framework to ensure protection against gender-based violence. The National Strategy for Gender Equality until 2030 and the National Action Plan for the period of 2022-2024 were adopted on 16 September, 2022. In 2017, the Law on the Prevention and Protection from Family Violence was adopted.</p> <p>Despite the progressive legislation in the field of gender equality, the activity of the women's movement and human rights civil movement, the society of modern Kyrgyzstan is returning to patriarchal gender and religious stereotypes: negative traditions and customs are reviving, which increase the growth of violence against girls and women. All the achievements of the women's movement over the past 25 years are now under threat.</p> <p>According to the Beijing +30 report, two forms of violence were identified in the KR that need to be prioritized by the state:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Domestic family violence committed in the family, 2. Child and forced marriages. <p>Statistics: in 2022-2024, 34 young women died as a result of domestic violence in the KR. According to the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the KR, 22% more cases of domestic violence were registered during 7 months of 2024. 328 criminal cases have been initiated on the facts of domestic violence, 186 cases have been sent</p>	<p>Legislation:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Monitor the implementation of the Law on the Prevention and Protection from Family Violence and the Code on Misconduct regarding family violence. 2. Amend the existing legislative framework aimed at prohibiting direct and indirect contacts between criminals and victims of GBV during the period of the Protection Order. Also, penalties should be introduced for non-compliance with these requirements. 3. Exclude the possibility of reconciliation of the parties in cases of violation of the laws on the age of marriage or in cases of committing "rape" or "sexual violence" 4. Exclude the possibility of applying probation to persons convicted of serious gender-based crimes. <p>Resources:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Adequate budgeting of the implementation of the Law of the KR on the Prevention and Protection from Family Violence. 2. Create state and municipal crisis centers providing services to assist victims of domestic violence. <p>Supervision:</p>

to court, and pre-trial proceedings have been discontinued in 91 cases.

1. Identify and legally enshrine one state body out of 17 subjects (possibly Ministry of Labor and Social Development) authorized by law to prevent and protect against GBV - for monitoring, interdepartmental coordination and interaction.

Data collection:

1. Create a consolidated system for collecting disaggregated data on cases of gender-based violence.

Training and capacity development:

1. Conduct specialized training and capacity-building programs in the field of documentation, monitoring and evaluation.
2. Focus on overcoming discriminatory cultural norms, developing gender sensitivity, and explaining the importance of an unbiased and victim-centered approach to GBV