

Stakeholder submission for the 47th session of the Universal Periodic Review

Report on Portugal

The International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons (ICAN) is a campaign coalition of over 600 non-government organizations in over one hundred countries. Following the historic achievement of the adoption of a strong nuclear weapons ban treaty, ICAN now campaigns for all States to sign and ratify the Treaty as a matter of urgency, take measures towards the global elimination of all nuclear weapons, and provide an overdue response to the victims of the humanitarian and environmental impact of nuclear weapon tests in the Pacific and elsewhere.

ICAN was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2017 for “its work to draw attention to the catastrophic humanitarian consequences of any use of nuclear weapons and for its groundbreaking efforts to achieve a treaty-based prohibition of such weapons.”

National Human Rights Framework

The Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (TPNW) has clear references to and implications for human rights law and practice. Preambular paragraph 8 reaffirms “the need for all States at all times to comply with applicable international law, including international humanitarian law and international human rights law”. The most relevant rights concern from a nuclear weapons attack is the right to life, other relevant rights concerns include the prohibition of inhuman and degrading treatment, the right to a home and to property, as well as rights violations resulting from nuclear weapons testing.

Portugal has not yet signed the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons.

ICAN regrets that Portugal has not shown support of the TPNW by consistently voting against an annual UN General Assembly resolution since 2018 that calls upon states to sign, ratify or accede to the treaty, and regrets that it shows support of the potential use of nuclear weapons. In 2018, Portugal stated that it shares most of the frustrations about the lack of concrete steps on nuclear disarmament.

ICAN urges the Government of Portugal to sign and ratify the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons as a matter of international urgency.