SELF-ASSESSMENT ON THE STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS

KEY

No.	RECOMMENDATION STATUS	COLOUR
1	Full Implementation	
2	Partial Implementation	
3	Pending Implementation	
4	Noted Recommendation	

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No.	Recommendation	Assessment
Theme: A12 Acceptance of international norms		
1.	131.10 Ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty, and the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, as well as the three Optional Protocols to the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Spain);	
2.	131.18 Ratify the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Armenia);	
3.	131.28 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (Denmark) (Ghana);	
4.	131.29 Consider ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (Georgia);	
5.	131.32 Ratify the Convention against Discrimination in Education (Portugal);	
6.	131.19 Consider ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families, the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women and the three Optional Protocols to the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Burkina Faso);	
7.	131.1 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (Lithuania);	
8.	131.2 Consider ratifying the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (Mauritius);	
9.	131.3 Ratify the Optional Protocols to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment and the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, as well as the two Optional Protocols to the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Guatemala);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
10.	131.4 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women and further strengthen efforts on gender issues (Italy);	
11.	131.13 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography and the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict (Armenia);	
12.	131.14 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography and the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict (Benin);	
13.	131.15 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict and the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography (India);	
14.	131.16 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict and the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography (Botswana);	
15.	131.12 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography (Togo);	
16.	131.21 Ratify the first and second Optional Protocols to the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Rwanda)	
17.	131.22 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography (Congo);	
18.	131.23 Continue its efforts to sign and ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Children (Chile);	
19.	131.11 Ratify the Optional Protocols to the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Angola);	
20.	131.17 Ratify the first and second Optional Protocols to the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Iraq);	
21.	131.20 Ratify all three optional protocols to the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Slovakia);	
22.	131.77 Ratify the Optional Protocols of the Convention of the Rights of the Child, raise the age of criminal responsibility to 18 years, ensure the adequate separation of children and adults in penitentiaries and jails, and ensure due legal representation for children and persons under 18 years of age within the judicial system (Paraguay);	
23.	131.31 Expedite the process to ratify important international instruments relevant for the advancement of human rights in Zambia, including the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women and the two Optional Protocols to the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Uganda);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
24.	131.30 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (Ghana)	
25.	131.33 Ratify the International Labour Organization Indigenous and Tribal Peoples Convention, 1989 (No. 169) (Guatemala);	
26.	131.24 Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Congo) (Honduras);	
27.	131.25 Consider ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Ghana);	
28.	131.26 Promptly ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Guatemala);	
29.	131.34 Sign the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (Guatemala);	
30.	131.35 Ratify all the different conventions and protocols relating to human rights to ensure their enjoyment by its citizens (Chad);	
31.	131.36 Ratify those international human rights instruments which have not been ratified (Mongolia);	
Theme: A21 National Mechanisms for Reporting and Follow-up (NMRF)		
32.	129.18 Consider the establishment of a, or strengthen the existing national mechanism for coordination, implementation, reporting and follow-up, in line with elements arising from good practices identified in the 2016 OHCHR guide on national mechanisms for reporting and follow-up (Portugal);	
Theme: A23 Follow-up to treaty bodies Theme		
33.	129.15 Implement the Convention on the Rights of Child in the context of its national policy on children (Benin);	
A24 Cooperation with special procedures		
34.	131.39 Present a standing invitation to United Nations special rapporteurs, including the Special Rapporteur on the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of opinion and expression and the Special Rapporteur on torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment, to visit Zambia (Republic of Korea);	
Theme: A27 Follow-up to Universal Periodic Review (UPR)		
35.	129.13 Finalize an action plan to guide the implementation of all universal periodic review recommendations (South Africa);	
36.	131.37 Continue engagement with the United Nations human rights mechanisms and other relevant United Nations bodies to implement the recommendations put forward today (Azerbaijan);	
37.	131.38 Continue its fruitful cooperation with the United Nations mechanisms, in particular those related to human rights (Côte d'Ivoire);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
38.	129.17 Strengthen coordination and follow-up to the implementation of the universal periodic review recommendations (Morocco);	
39.	131.40 Intensify its efforts to implement the pending recommendations (Nigeria);	
Theme: A3 Inter-State cooperation & development assistance		
40.	131.109 Seek the necessary technical, material and financial assistance in order to implement the recommendations it has endorsed (Côte d'Ivoire);	
41.	131.111 Intensify efforts, including by seeking technical assistance wherever required, to meet its human rights targets (Sierra Leone).	
Theme: A41 Constitutional and legislative framework		
42.	129.1 Accelerate the process of domestication of international human rights instruments to which it is a party (Zimbabwe);	
43.	130.1 Continue its efforts to incorporate and harmonize its internal national legislation with the main international human rights instruments in the most expeditious way (Chile);	
44.	129.23 Adopt specific legislation to provide women with sufficient protection against all discriminatory practices (Lithuania);	
45.	129.42 Strengthen legislation on the prohibition of torture and improve conditions of detention in prisons (France);	
46.	129.41 Adopt as soon as possible a draft law introducing criminal responsibility for the use of torture by law enforcement officers (Russian Federation);	
47.	131.79 Live up to the highest standards of international law by repealing or amending the criminal defamation clauses in its Penal Code (Lithuania);	
48.	131.69 Improve and make clearer the legislation to support the freedom of assembly (Ireland);	
49.	129.5 Continue the efforts to widen the scope of the 1996 Bill of Rights to include economic, social and cultural rights (Republic of Korea);	
50.	129.61 Do not further liberalize abortion and instead implement laws aimed at protecting the right to life of the unborn, recognizing that life starts at conception, and further, affirm that there is no international right to abortion (Kenya);	
51.	129.2 Amend its national legislation to be in conformity with the provisions of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, including when revising the Bill of Rights and the Political Parties Bill, in order to protect and promote women's rights and gender equality (Finland);	
52.	129.3 Redouble efforts in order to ensure the full incorporation of the provisions of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women into domestic legislation (Uruguay);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
53.	129.4 Reform the Public Order Act and ensure that law enforcement agencies are instructed to uphold the Act without political bias (Norway);	
Theme: A42 Institutions & policies - General		
54.	129.16 Implement the Seventh National Development Plan (2017–2020) in order to address the human rights challenges that it recognizes as pending (Cuba);	
55.	131.104 Since Zambia has one of the highest birth rates in the world, develop and implement a comprehensive strategy on population and education policies, in line with and respecting economic, social and cultural rights (Germany);	
56.	131.41 Implement the recommendations of the Commission of Inquiry on Voting Patterns and Electoral Violence (South Africa);	
57.	131.27 Accelerate the formulation of the Labour Migration Policy and consider ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Indonesia);	
58.	129.6 Assign the human, technical and financial resources necessary for the proper functioning of the Office of the Commissioner for Children and for the sexual and reproductive health care of women and girls (Honduras);	
59.	129.33 Adopt a comprehensive policy that effectively combats gender-based violence against women and girls (Honduras);	
60.	131.42 Continue efforts to establish efficient and transparent public services in line with relevant United Nations resolutions (Azerbaijan);	
Theme: A43 Human rights policies		
61.	131.110 Continue to mobilize resources and seek the necessary support to enhance its capacity to fulfil its human rights obligations (Nigeria);	
62.	129.56 Continue promoting the national human rights policies, especially in the field of economic, social and cultural rights, in order to improve the quality of life of its population, to alleviate the standard of living of the most vulnerable (Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela);	
Theme: A45 National Human Rights Institution (NHRI)		
63.	129.7 Grant sufficient means and resources to the National Human Rights Commission (Algeria);	
64.	129.8 Provide the National Human Rights Commission with sufficient financial resources to carry out its activities more effectively (Guatemala);	
65.	129.9 Consider ways to strengthen the National Human Rights Commission in line with the principles relating to the status of national institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights (the Paris Principles) (Australia);	
66.	129.10 Strengthen the capacity of the National Human Rights Commission by allocating sufficient resources for its activities (Uganda);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
Theme: A46 National Plans of Action on Human Rights (or specific areas)		
67.	129.11 Adopt a national human rights action plan (Sudan);	
68.	129.12 Expedite the formulation of a national action plan on human rights (Uganda);	
69.	129.14 Adopt the national action plan on children (Benin);	
Theme: A47 Good governance		
70.	129.49 Engage civil society, activists, non-governmental organizations and the media in dialogue to seek common ground on the draft Access to Information bill and governance issues, such as corruption (United States of America);	
71.	129.26 Redouble its efforts for effective governance of its natural resources in line with the Environmental Management Act No. 12 of 2011 (Pakistan);	
Theme: A51 Human rights education - general		
72.	131.43 Utilize human rights training and education as a way to mainstream the promotion of the rights of women and children (Philippines);	
Theme: A53 Professional training in human rights		
73.	129.19 Continue its efforts to include human rights issues in the training programmes for military personnel and security personnel (Russian Federation);	
Theme: A63 Budget and resources (for human rights implementation)		
74.	131.107 Make efforts to reverse the downward budgetary allocations to the education and health sectors in order to meet the African thresholds on health and education, respectively set in the Abuja and Dakar Declarations (Namibia);	
Theme: B31 Equality & non-discrimination		
75.	129.20 Intensify efforts on the development of a legal framework aimed at the elimination of discrimination based on sex, race, disability, status or any other ground (Ukraine);	
76.	129.24 Take the necessary measures to put an end to discrimination against those who are HIV-positive and those suffering from albinism (Burkina Faso);	
77.	131.51 Apply the principle of non-discrimination to the most vulnerable groups, such as girls, children with disabilities, children of religious minorities, children living with HIV/AIDS, migrant and refugee children, orphans and children born out of wedlock, so that they have access to health care and education (Madagascar);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
78.	129.22 Continue efforts to combat discrimination against women and eliminate all forms of violence against them, in particular domestic violence (Tunisia);	
79.	129.21 Adopt effective measures to put an end to discrimination based on gender and to violence against women, as well as to child marriage. This would include awareness-raising campaigns and trying to bring in local authorities and traditional leaders into the process (Spain);	
80.	131.52 Promote non-discrimination and inclusion campaigns with particular focus on migrants and people with albinism (Mexico);	
Theme: B6 Business & Human Rights		
81.	131.44 Develop a national action plan on business and human rights and implement it together with the Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (Kenya);	
Theme: B71 Human rights and the environment		
82.	129.27 Take further measures to protect human rights and the environment in mining areas (Algeria);	
83.	129.28 Establish a regulatory framework for mining companies present on the territory in order to ensure that their activities do not harm the immediate environment (Senegal);	
84.	129.29 Make more efforts to preserve the environment when applying agricultural development and not to use internationally banned pesticides (Iraq);	
Theme: D21 Right to life		
85.	129.38 Address the situation of persons with albinism, assuring them protection against attacks and killings (Portugal);	
86.	129.39 Take vigorous measures to protect people suffering from albinism against the different forms of violence of which they are victims (Central African Republic);	
87.	129.40 Strengthen national policies to ensure that persons with albinism are fully protected from attacks and implement awareness-raising programmes which also promote their social integration in rural areas (Sierra Leone);	
Theme: D23 Death penalty		
88.	131.61 Consider the abolition of the death penalty, in accordance with the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (Honduras);	
89.	131.62 Strengthen its efforts to abolish the death penalty in law (Mongolia);	
90.	131.48 Take measures to introduce a de jure moratorium on executions and take concrete steps towards the abolition of the death penalty (Rwanda);	
91.	131.49 Consider taking steps to establish a de jure moratorium with a view to abolishing the death penalty (Italy);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
92.	131.50 Continue with the moratorium on the death penalty and continue making efforts towards abolishing it (Namibia);	
93.	131.45 Take concrete steps towards the abolition of the death penalty (Norway);	
94.	131.46 Continue the public political debate to go from the current de facto abolition to the definitive abolition of the death penalty in the country (Spain);	
95.	131.47 Endeavour to abolish the death penalty (South Africa);	
Theme: D26 Conditions of detention		
96.	131.75 Continue its efforts to implement programmes and activities aimed at adjusting Zambia's Correctional Service to the United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners, including by adequate funding and training of officers (Brazil);	
97.	129.47 Complete the process of renovating correctional facilities and ensure that they adhere to approved international standards (South Africa);	
98.	129.45 Ensure the separation of children from adults detained in police stations and prisons (Slovenia);	
99.	129.43 Strengthen efforts to improve the conditions in prisons and guarantee the rights of detainees (Italy);	
100.	129.44 Improve living conditions for detainees and take appropriate steps to reduce long terms of preventive detention (Senegal);	
101.	129.46 Redouble its efforts to improve living conditions in prisons and reduce overcrowding (Burundi);	
102.	129.48 Meet international standards in ensuring adequate living conditions for inmates (Ireland);	
103.	131.76 Make efforts to minimize overcrowding, improve sanitation and separation of juveniles from adults in prisons (India);	
Theme: D27 Prohibition of slavery, trafficking		
104.	129.52 Continue to work with development partners in order to improve its capabilities in implementing its anti-trafficking law (Philippines);	
105.	129.50 Continue intensifying its efforts in combating human trafficking (Ethiopia);	
106.	129.51 Continue efforts to combat human trafficking (Tunisia);	
107.	131.83 Fully implement the Anti-Human Trafficking Act No. 11 of 2008 and ensure effective investigations into the cases of sale, trafficking and abduction of children to protect them from commercial exploitation (Republic of Korea);	
108.	131.85 Continue efforts to consolidate the rights of the child, protect them from sexual exploitation and combat trafficking in children and child marriage (Tunisia);	
109.	131.86 Strengthen the implementation of measures taken to fight against child labour and trafficking of children (Djibouti);	
110.	131.87 Fully implement the Anti-Trafficking Act No. 11 of 2008 (Timor-Leste);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
Theme: D43 Freedom of opinion and expression		
111.	131.81 Guarantee that journalists and other media workers can carry out their work independently and without fear of persecution, including by reviewing its defamation laws to make sure they are in full compliance with international human rights law (Finland);	
112.	131.74 Ensure media freedom by providing full editorial independence to publicly-owned media. Ensure the impartiality of the Independent Broadcasting Authority and enact legislation to facilitate access to information (Canada);	
113.	131.78 Ensure that necessary reforms are undertaken to guarantee the effective protection of the rights to freedom of expression, assembly and association. This includes enacting without delay an expanded Bill of Rights and Access to Information Bill and ensuring that the Public Order Act is implemented objectively and with professionalism by the police (Sweden);	
114.	131.68 Create and maintain, in law and in practice, an enabling environment that guarantees freedom of expression and peaceful assembly (Guatemala);	
115.	131.72 Make efforts to ensure access to information of public interest to citizens and guarantee the rights of freedom of assembly (Paraguay);	
Theme: D44 Right to peaceful assembly		
116.	131.67 Ensure that freedom of association and the right to peaceful assembly are respected and protected, to include promoting better implementation of the Public Order Act (United States of America);	
Theme: D45 Freedom of association		
117.	131.71 Make the necessary legislative changes, including restricting the scope of the Public Order Act, to ensure the freedoms of association and expression are protected; and to ensure the police enforce these and other laws in a proportionate manner (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);	
Theme: D51 Administration of justice & fair trial		
118.	131.64 Raise the minimum age of criminal responsibility and provide adequate protection of child victims and witnesses of crime during trial (Slovenia);	
Theme: D6 Rights related to name, identity, nationality		
119.	129.89 Expand the programme to boost birth registration to cover more outlying areas (Zimbabwe);	
120.	129.90 Further continue boosting the birth registration rate by the existing nationwide awareness campaigns among the citizens (Ethiopia).	
Theme: D7 Right to participation in public affairs and right to vote		

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
121.	131.73 Guarantee respect for the rights of the opposition, in particular freedom of assembly and demonstration, the freedom of the press and the media, by making the necessary corrections to the Constitution, the electoral commission, the status of the parties, as well as to the legal framework on the maintenance of public order (France);	
122.	131.70 Reform the current Public Order Act to include measures that fully uphold the rights to freedom of expression and peaceful assembly, making it more conducive to political participation by all Zambians and ensure that enforcement of the Act is consistent with Zambia's human rights obligations, including through training of its security forces (Canada);	
123.	131.80 Engage in constructive dialogue and reconciliation with the main opposition party to diffuse lingering tensions from the August 2016 general election (United States of America);	
Theme: E1 Economic, social & cultural rights - general measures of implementation		
124.	129.25 Continue to promote economic and social sustainable development, raise people's standard of living and lay a solid foundation for the enjoyment of all human rights by its people (China);	
125.	131.105 Strengthen public policies to address economic and social challenges, particularly in the area of health, such as access to drinking water (France);	
Theme: E24 Right to social security		
126.	129.54 Continue to develop its social protection policy and continuously monitor and evaluate its social cash transfer programme in this regard (State of Palestine);	
127.	129.55 Enhance its targeting mechanisms with regard to the delivery of social assistance to ensure that children and women, particularly pregnant and breastfeeding women, are not left behind (State of Palestine);	
Theme: E31 Right to work		
128.	129.53 Continue with the policies to strengthen and protect the human rights of people working in the mining sector (Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela);	
Theme: E41 Right to health - General		
129.	129.57 Increase funding to the health sector to the levels committed to in the Abuja Declaration and particularly increase the general health infrastructure, the patient to medical staff ratio and improve health-care access for women from poor and/or rural backgrounds (Kenya);	
130.	129.63 Ensure the national health and HIV policies and strategies are inclusive and accessible to all vulnerable groups, including adults and children with disabilities (India);	
131.	129.67 Strengthen the children's health sector with adequate resources (Central African Republic);	
132.	129.58 Improve health-care institutions with the aim of reducing maternal mortality (Angola);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
133.	129.59 Continue its efforts to reduce maternal mortality and strengthen the health-care system (Sudan);	
134.	129.60 Intensify its efforts to alleviate the remaining obstacles to access to health care for pregnant women and mothers in order to decrease significantly the rate of maternal mortality (Burkina Faso);	
135.	129.65 Develop adolescent-sensitive and confidential counselling services in the area of sexual and reproductive health care and information, with particular regard to adolescent girls (Portugal);	
136.	129.68 Pursue its efforts so as to improve health services and education (Libya);	
137.	129.69 Increase consequently resources devoted to the health and education sectors for the population living in rural areas (Togo);	
138.	129.64 Continue to develop its health-care undertakings and further strengthen its work on HIV/AIDS prevention and treatment (China);	
139.	129.66 Improve the availability of and access to information about mental health programmes and services which are based on respect for human rights, including for adolescents (Portugal);	
140.	129.62 Ensure that access to HIV treatment is accessible to all who need it without any discrimination (Chile);	
Theme: E51 Right to education - General		
141.	129.70 Strengthen efforts to broaden access to education in accordance with the revised Education for All National Policy and increase allocations to the education sector (Pakistan);	
142.	129.71 Pursue further reforms in the education sector to improve the availability, accessibility, affordability and quality of education for all (Brazil);	
143.	129.72 Further ensure access to compulsory education and equal learning opportunities for all children (Indonesia);	
144.	129.73 Make education reforms to increase the quality of education, make it more accessible and facilitate re-entry of adolescent mothers back to school (Kenya);	
145.	129.74 Continue its efforts to provide universal access to education (Mongolia);	
146.	129.75 Work to extend its efforts regarding free primary education to all (State of Palestine);	
147.	131.106 Make primary education free throughout the territory (Central African Republic);	
148.	131.91 Set a minimum age for leaving school, which would provide incentives for addressing early marriage and child labour (Slovakia);	
Theme: F1 Women		
149.	129.76 Continue efforts to improve the situation of women (Egypt);	
Theme: F12 Discrimination against women		

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
150.	129.37 In combating violence against women and girls, Zambia should swiftly and fully implement the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women. This also includes the full implementation of the Anti-Gender-Based Violence Act of 2011 and the allocation of adequate budget resources for the Anti-Gender-Based Violence Fund (Germany);	
151.	129.35 Pursue the effective implementation of measures aimed at combating discrimination and violence against women (Djibouti);	
Theme: F13 Violence against women		
152.	129.32 Continue with the implementation of national policies against gender-based violence (Cuba);	
153.	131.100 Fully fund and implement the Anti-Gender-Based Violence Act, the Gender Equity and Equality Act and other legislation and policies to protect girls from child, early and forced marriage and other forms of abuse (Canada);	
154.	131.63 Intensify the efforts to criminalize and diminish all types of violence against women (Montenegro);	
155.	129.34 Strengthen measures to prevent and combat gender-based violence, including the representation of women in positions of responsibility (Paraguay);	
156.	129.36 Take effective measures to combat violence against women (Georgia);	
157.	131.99 Comply strictly with the normative provisions regarding the minimum age for marriage, and prevent and investigate cases of forced marriage, prosecuting the perpetrators and ensuring assistance to victims (Argentina);	
158.	129.30 Continue to adopt effective measures to prevent and eradicate violence against women, children and adolescents and provide protection and assistance to the victims (Chile);	
159.	129.31 Continue its efforts to tackle gender-based violence and sexual violence against women and girls (Timor-Leste);	
Theme: F14 Participation of women in political and public life		
160.	129.77 Further promote women's empowerment by increasing the number of women in leadership positions in all spheres of life (Indonesia);	
Theme: F31 Children: definition; general principles; protection		
161.	129.81 Take all necessary measures to accelerate the adoption and implementation of the Marriage Bill (2015) to help end child marriage in Zambia (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);	
162.	131.92 Set a minimum age for marriage under customary law, to be in line with the legal age of marriage determined by statutory law (Slovakia);	
163.	129.78 Further strengthen the policies to protect children's rights (Georgia);	
164.	129.79 Include children's participation in formal consultative processes that require citizens' contributions (Slovakia);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
165.	131.108 Take measures to strengthen efforts to reduce infant and child mortality, including by focusing on preventative measures and treatment, improved nutrition and a structured vaccination process (Botswana);	
166.	129.80 Enhance protection of the rights of the child, including by abolishing child labour, combating malnutrition and shielding child perpetrators during detention (Norway);	
167.	131.102 Adopt and implement improvements to the legislation relating to children, in particular, increase the minimum age of criminal responsibility to an internationally acceptable level, address the high rate of child labour, prohibit the forced marriage of children, and end violence and sexual exploitation, including abuse, neglect and ill-treatment (Uruguay);	
168.	129.82 Continue and strengthen efforts to prevent and eliminate child marriage (Maldives);	
169.	129.83 Continue efforts to combat child marriage (Morocco);	
170.	129.84 Take additional steps aimed at addressing the high rate of child marriage, including by fully implementing the national strategy aimed at reducing child marriage by 2021 (Namibia);	
Theme: F33 Children: protection against exploitation		
171.	131.88 Review the Employment of Young Persons and Children's Act with a view to including in its domestic labour and family-based enterprises and improve its data collection mechanisms on violations of the Act (Slovakia);	
172.	131.84 Take appropriate steps to prohibit and combat child labour and the worst forms of exploitation of children (Senegal);	
173.	131.90 Modify its national and customary laws in order to prevent child, early and forced marriage (Sierra Leone);	
174.	131.89 Step up its efforts to bring an end to all forms of child labour (Timor-Leste);	
Theme: F34 Children: Juvenile justice		
175.	131.65 Consider reviewing the legal age of criminal responsibility with a view to ensuring full protection for juveniles in conflict with the law (Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela);	
176.	131.66 Raise the minimum age of criminal responsibility above 8 (Sierra Leone);	
Theme: F4 Persons with disabilities		
177.	129.88 Continue its efforts to address the rights of persons with disabilities and to update the national legal framework in order to harmonize it with the provisions of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (Yemen);	
178.	129.87 Ensure that the laws relating to persons with disabilities are consistent with international standards (Madagascar);	
179.	131.101 Consider adopting additional measures to promote and protect the rights of persons with disabilities (Maldives);	
180.	129.85 Improve the situation of persons with disabilities (Egypt);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
Theme: G1 Members of minorities		
181.	131.57 Engage in consultations with the concerned communities and ensure their participation in the decision-making process affecting them, through their direct involvement in the formulation and implementation of mining projects (Netherlands);	
182.	129.86 Take more efforts to protect persons with albinism (Iraq);	
183.	131.53 Protect ethnic and religious minorities in the country and provide effective reparations when their rights are undermined (Mexico);	
Theme: H1 Human rights defenders		
184.	131.82 Comply with its obligation under international law to guarantee that human rights defenders, journalists and activists can carry out their work independently and free from attacks, harassment or intimidation (Netherlands);	
Theme: A12 Acceptance of international norms		
185.	131.6 Ratify, without reservation, the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and take the necessary measures so as to commute the sentences of those under the death penalty (Mexico);	
186.	131.9 Ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (Sweden) (Togo);	
187.	131.5 Ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (Angola) (Montenegro);	
Theme: A41 Constitutional and legislative framework		
188.	131.54 Adopt legislation that combats discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity and protects the rights of lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender persons (Honduras);	
189.	131.93 Ensure country-wide implementation of the Marriage Act establishing the legal age for marriage as 21 years of age (Slovenia);	
Theme: B31 Equality & non-discrimination		
190.	131.55 Take steps to decriminalize homosexuality and promote respect for the principles of equality and non-discrimination against lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex persons (France);	
191.	131.56 Take actions aimed at putting an end to discrimination based on sexual orientation, beginning by eliminating the criminalization of consensual sexual relationships between adults of the same gender (Spain);	
192.	131.94 Decriminalize same-sex relationships between consenting adults (Sweden);	

No.	Recommendation	Assessment
193.	131.95 Repeal laws that criminalize same-sex conduct between adults and review all legislation, policies and programmes to foster equality and prevent discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation or gender identity (Canada);	
194.	131.96 Decriminalize same-sex relationships between consenting adults and strengthen efforts to address inequality and discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity (Australia);	
195.	131.97 As recommended during the universal periodic review in 2012, respect the rights and fundamental freedoms of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex persons through the repeal of all norms that criminalize and stigmatize them (Argentina);	
196.	131.98 Review and repeal the legislation that criminalizes consensual sexual behaviour between people of the same sex, and prohibit degrading practices imposed on people of the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex community, such as forced anal examinations (Uruguay);	
Theme: D23 Death penalty		
197.	131.7 Formalize the abolition of the death penalty and accede to the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (Australia);	
198.	131.8 Abolish the death penalty in law and ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (France);	
199.	131.60 Legislate to remove the death penalty from its statute books and commute to custodial sentences those death sentences that have already been passed down (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);	
200.	131.58 Abolish the death penalty (Central African Republic) (Paraguay) (Portugal);	
201.	131.59 Take the necessary public and legislative steps in order to abolish the death penalty (Ukraine);	
Theme: E41 Right to health - General		
202.	131.103 Guarantee access to health and education services for migrant children, eliminating administrative obstacles in this area (Paraguay);	
Theme: G5 Refugees & asylum seekers		
203.	130.2 Provide refugee children with access to social services, such as health and education (Portugal) (Timor-Leste).	