

VIS- Volontariato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo NGO in special consultative status with ECOSOC



Speaker: Carola Carazzone

Spokesperson for Comitato per la promozione e protezione dei diritti umani

Member of the EU Fundamental Rights Agency (FRA) Platform

AGEDO Agenzia della Pace AGESCI Anfaa Anolf Antigone Archivio Disarmo Archivio Immigrazione ARCI Arcigay Articolo 21

ASGI-Associazione Giuristi per l'Immigrazione Associazione Campanari d'Arrone Associazione Eleonora Pimentel

ATD-Quarto Mondo AUCI AUSER Banca Etica Be Free Casa dei Diritti Sociali

Chiamalafrica

CIAI CIPAX CIPSI-Coordinamento di Iniziative Popolari di Solidarietà Internazionale CIR-Consiglio Italiano Rifugiati

CISL Dipartimento Politiche Migratorie CISMAI CISP-Comitato Internazionale Sviluppo dei Popoli

Cittadinanzattiva CND – Consiglio Nazionale sulla Disabilità Comitatoper i Diritti Umani

Comitato Singh Mohinder

Donne in Nero **EMA**

Federazione Chiese Evangeliche Fondazione Centro Astalli

Fondazione Internazionale Don Luigi di Liegro

Giovani per un Mondo Unito Gruppo Martin Buber ICS-Consorzio Italiano di Solidarietà IISMAS-Istituto Internazionale Scienze Mediche

Antropologiche e Sociali IMS -International Medicine Society

INTERSOS

Intervita

Istituto Cooperazione Economica Internazionale Istituto di Medicina del Soccorso La Gabbianella

LAW-Legal Aid Worldwide

Legambiente Lega Internazionale per i Diritti e la Liberazione dei Popoli Libera

MED eA Medici contro la Tortura

Medici per i Diritti Umani Movimondo Oltre Babele PaxChristi Ponte della Memoria Progetto Continenti Rete Educare ai Diritti Umani Save the Children Terre des Hommes

Ubi Minor UDI-Unione Donne in Italia

UNICEF Italia Unione Forense per la Tutela dei Diritti dell'Uomo UniTs

Vides Internazionale
Vis-Volontariato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo

Mr President,

Unfortunately a key stakeholder for my country is missing here today in this important context of the consideration of Italy under the Universal Periodic Review.

No Italian NHRI will take the floor.

Italy remains one of the few European countries without any kind of NHRI, nor an Ombudsperson nor a Commission in compliance with the Paris Principles and relevant resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly and of the Council of Europe.

As representative of VIS, and spokesperson of the Comitato per la Promozione e Protezione dei Diritti Umani, a network of 82 Italian NGOs, established in January 2002 in order to advocate for the establishment of a National Independent Human Rights Institution in Italy, I would like to express our deep concern for the continuous delaying of the concrete realization of such mechanism during the last decade.

Notwithstanding specific pertaining recommendations made by each UN treaty body that have examined the Italian context in the last recent years (CRC/C/15/Add198 of March 18, 2003; CESCR/ ITA/ 04 of November 26, 2004; Fondazione Basso-Sezione Internazionale Fondazione CCPR/C/ITA/CO/05 of November 2, 2005, CAT/C/ITA/CO/4 of May 18, 2007 and last CERD/C/ITA/CO/15 of March 7, 2008) and pressure on behalf of civil society, with reference to the political will of the Government to undertake the process to the establishment of a NHRI, even if there are important formal declarations made by the previous Prodi and the current Berlusconi Governments, upto now no real and concrete action has been implemented in such direction .

Three Legislatures past during which many Draft Laws for the establishment of different types of National Commissions for Human Rights or Ombudspersons specific for some sectors (children, detainees, migrants) have only been proposed but have had no concrete follow up.

In June 2008, at the very beginning of present the XVI Legislature (from April 29th, 2008 and still open), a new Draft Law was presented to the Senate by Sen. Marcenaro and is still currently pending at the Senate Commission of Constitutional Affairs awaiting for Senate Budget Commission nulla osta.

On May 8th , 2007, Italy, in the voluntary pledge for membership to the UN Human Rights Council, committed itself in front of the UN General Assembly 1 to "create the National Independent Commission for the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms".

On December 10th, 2008, on the 60th Anniversary of the Universal Declaration of VIS-VOIDINGATARIO INTERNAZIONALE PER TO SVIIUPPO WILLPF-Women's International League for Peace and Human Rights, the Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs, formally announced a draft

¹ Document A/61/863.

Bill for a NHRI prepared by the Government Berlusconi, but this draft bill - also mentioned in the statement of Mr. Vincenzo Scotti at the UPR Working Group and in the Addendum submitted by Italy - was never made public.

Lastly, we would like to express here our serious concern about the low coverage given by national media to human rights issues and specifically to the issue of NHRI.

Media did not stress adequately the seriousness of statements made by some politicians during the debate in the Chamber of Deputies when the Draft Bill n. 1463 was under discussion. Media publicly defined the establishment of a national human rights institution as an issue concerning "third world countries" and not "..in countries as Italy with a high level juridical civilization, with a culture and tradition for order and the "right", a NHRI is useless, plethoric and expensive...".

An effective and independent National Human Rights Institution is a major issue for any country, everywhere in the world, no country exempted.

Unfortunately too often countries with a so called consolidated democracy, and Italy among them, presume they already guarantee human rights and fundamental freedoms and do not need improvement and can abstain from strengthening further their promotion and protection or, even more, from respecting new and old international obligations undersigned

The active participation of NGOs and civil society in the process of establishing new NHRIs is in fact considered a major element and a worldwide best practice in the implementation of the Paris Principles: a successful NHRI has to be the result of a consultative, inclusive and transparent process, involving and mobilizing all different sectors of the State and civil society.

We would like to urge Italy to consider the establishment of a NHRI as a matter of urgency.

We would like to recommend the Italian Government to avail itself of the Technical Advice of the National Institutions Unit of the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, as well as of the Council of Europe, in order to take advantage of their expertise with regard to the application of the Paris Principles and the best practices of many countries that have already complied with the requirements contained in the UN Resolution 48/134 of December 20, 1993 creating NHRI independent and effective.