

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<b><i>Right or area: 2.1. Acceptance of international norms</i></b>			
84.1. Accede and fully align its national legislation with the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court, and accede to the Agreement on Privileges and Immunities of the Court (Estonia); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.2. Ratify the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) and the two optional protocols thereto (Estonia); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.4. Sign and ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Spain); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.7. Sign and ratify the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (France); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.8. Sign and ratify core international human rights instruments, including the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) (Canada); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	

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Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
84.9. Take measures to ratify the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Trinidad and Tobago); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.12. Consider ratifying the Rome Statute on the International Criminal Court (Ghana); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.18. Accede to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court and fully implement its provisions (Italy); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.19. Accede to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court and implement it into national law (Netherlands); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.22. Consider acceding to the remaining core international human rights instruments, including the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Kenya); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.23. Ratify the major international instruments, including the ICCPR and the ICESCR (Sierra Leone); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	

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Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
84.28. Consider taking initial steps towards the ratification of other international human rights instruments that it is not yet a party to (Philippines); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.29. Strengthen efforts on the full and effective implementation of the United Nations human rights conventions that the country acceded to (South Africa); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.30. Devise a national strategy for the ratification of or adherence to the core international human rights treaties (Costa Rica); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.20. Ratify the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court as well as its Agreement on Privileges and Immunities without formulating any reservation (Uruguay); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms 2.2. Reservations <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.5. Ratify the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and its Optional Protocol and establish a national institution for human rights in accordance with the Paris Principles, seeking international technical cooperation if necessary (Timor-Leste); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms 5.2. Institutions & policies <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.25. Ratify the ICESCR as an important tool to give greater effectiveness to the protection of human rights in the context of climate change, as well as the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and the Convention against Torture (Portugal); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms 9. Racial discrimination 12.5. Prohibition of torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	
<p>84.21. Accede to the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Armenia); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.2. Genocide <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	
<p>84.3. Ratify the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and its protocols (Montenegro); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.4. Death penalty <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	
<p>84.6. Ratify the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and its Second Optional Protocol, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (Argentina); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.4. Death penalty <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	

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Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.17. Sign and ratify those core international human rights instruments to which Kiribati is not yet a party, particularly the ICCPR and its first and second protocols (Italy);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.4. Death penalty <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	
<p>84.24. Consider accession to the major international human rights instruments which it is not yet a party to, including ICESCR and ICCPR, and the two optional protocols thereto (Namibia);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.4. Death penalty <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	
<p>84.10. Ratify core international human rights conventions — prioritising the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the Convention against Torture (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.5. Prohibition of torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	
<p>84.13. Consider ratifying the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (Ghana);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.5. Prohibition of torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	

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Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
84.14. Consider signing and ratifying the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (Indonesia); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.5. Prohibition of torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	The president of Kiribati signed the instrument of accession to the Convention against Torture on 13 June 2019. However the date of accession will be the date on the depository of the signed submission. But will only be formalized when the hard copy is received by the Committee.
84.15. Ratify the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment, as previously recommended (Denmark); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.5. Prohibition of torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.16. Ratify the Convention against Torture (Algeria); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms 12.5. Prohibition of torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.27. Ratify the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (Argentina); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms 13.2. Enforced disappearances <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.26. Complete the process of ratification of the two Optional Protocols to the CRC (Algeria); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms 30.1. Children: definition, general principles, protection <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
84.11. Consider ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Ghana); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	2.1. Acceptance of international norms 34. Migrants <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
<b><i>Right or area: 3.1. Cooperation with treaty bodies</i></b>			
84.44. Complete the CEDAW reports before the due date in 2015 (New Zealand); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	3.1. Cooperation with treaty bodies <b>Affected persons:</b> - general - women	Kiribati had submitted the combined Initial, Second and third periodic report on CEDAW and was received by the committee on the 12 February 2019.
84.45. Speed up formalities for the submission of pending reports to CEDAW (Spain); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	3.1. Cooperation with treaty bodies <b>Affected persons:</b> - general - women	Kiribati had submitted the combined Initial, Second and third periodic report on CEDAW and was received by the committee on the 12 February 2019.
<b><i>Right or area: 3.2. Cooperation with special procedures</i></b>			
84.46. Consider issuing standing invitations to all special procedures (Ghana); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	3.2. Cooperation with special procedures <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
84.47. Extend standing invitations to all human rights special procedures (Montenegro); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	3.2. Cooperation with special procedures <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
<b><i>Right or area: 3.3. Cooperation with other international mechanisms and institutions</i></b>			

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.114. Intensify efforts to secure support and assistance from the international community in pursuing its climate change adaptation and mitigation plans (Philippines);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>3.3. Cooperation with other international mechanisms and institutions  <b>Affected persons:</b>                      - general</p>	<p><b>Actions Taken - Secured Funding assistance to implement projects/activities related to climate change</b></p> <p>Progress to Date – MELAD in collaboration with other Government Ministries has secured a number of projects to support the climate change and mitigation plans. The projects are as follows; i) the GEF 6 STAR to support the Climate Change mitigation plan focusing on the the renewable energy which is yet to be implemented in months time ii) GEF-LDCF project to support enhancing the food security in the context of Climate change which is ongoing, iii) GEF - 5 STAR which is a resilient Island, resilient communities project which will be implemented this year 2019. iv) KOIFAWP - IFAD funded project to implement the water harvesting and gardening projects in support of climate change adapation measures.</p> <p>Kiribati has climate change frameworks, plans and implementation strategies which guide the current national climate change adaptation and disaster risk management initiatives implemented across sectors. These involve key documents such as the Kiribati climate change policy, Kiribati Joint Implementation Plan (KJIP), The National Framework for Climate Change and Climate Change Adaptation (NFCCCCA), the Whole of Island approach (WOIA), The National Energy Policy, The Kiribati Environment Implementation Plan (KEIP), The National Disaster Risk Management Plan (NDRMP) . These documents are guide national activities on Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation.</p>



Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.115. Seek technical assistance from relevant United Nations agencies in order to better implement its international human rights obligations (Sierra Leone). <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>3.3. Cooperation with other international mechanisms and institutions <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<p>MOJ HRD – OHCHR Regional Office mission to Tarawa by Human Rights Officer/Treaty Body Capacity-Building Officer Mr Dip Magar to discuss OHCHR support to Kiribati on human rights 9-12 April 2018. During the 4-day mission Mr Magar conducted capacity-building sessions on UN Human Rights Mechanism on treaty reporting with members of the KNHRT and a separate session for government and CSO stakeholders of CRPD.</p> <p>MWYSSA – UNICEF provided technical and financial assistance on CRC report drafting which was led by SWD and HRD (year?)</p>
<p>84.110. Continue its mainstreaming of climate change adaptation across developmental activities with the assistance of the international community (Fiji); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>3.3. Cooperation with other international mechanisms and institutions 4. Inter-state cooperation &amp; development assistance <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<p>Kiribati has climate change frameworks, plans and implementation strategies which guide the current national climate change adaptation and disaster risk management initiatives implemented across sectors. These involve key documents such as the Kiribati climate change policy, Kiribati Joint Implementation Plan (KJIP), The National Framework for Climate Change and Climate Change Adaptation (NFCCCCA), the Whole of Island approach (WOIA), The National Energy Policy, The Kiribati Environment Implementation Plan (KEIP), The National Disaster Risk Management Plan (NDRMP) . These documents are guide national activities on Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation.</p>
<p>84.112. Cooperate with United Nations agencies, regional bodies and development partners in building capacities, training and exchanging human rights expertise and experiences with other Pacific Island countries (Israel); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>3.3. Cooperation with other international mechanisms and institutions 4. Inter-state cooperation &amp; development assistance <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNICEF funds trainings on code of ethics to teachers (Primary and JSS teachers)</li> <li>• Leadership programs from DFAT which incorporates good leadership strategies as well as instilling good working ethics amongst school Leaders and teachers.</li> </ul>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.113. Request technical assistance from the United Nations programmes, funds and bodies to comply with the commitments made in terms of human rights such as the presentation of reports, and the drafting of plans and programmes to strengthen human rights (Mexico);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>3.3. Cooperation with other international mechanisms and institutions</p> <p>4. Inter-state cooperation &amp; development assistance</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	As above 84.115
<p>84.67. Keep its commitment and continue to work with partners nationally, regionally and internationally to implement its action plan to promote women's rights and combat violence against women (Israel);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>3.3. Cooperation with other international mechanisms and institutions</p> <p>4. Inter-state cooperation &amp; development assistance</p> <p>29.2. Gender-based violence</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b> - women</p>	<p>Action Taken - "Working in collaboration with local partners/stakeholders through our taskforces, main donor and partners UNWomen, DFAT, SPC, RRRT in implementing our policies and legislations"</p> <p>Progress to Date -Implementing ESGBV</p>
<b><i>Right or area: 4. Inter-state cooperation &amp; development assistance</i></b>			

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.109. Continue its leadership role and advocacy with the international community, including through the Coalition of Low Lying Atoll Nations on Climate Change and the Alliance of Small Island States, on the need for ambitious and binding targets for greenhouse gas emissions in order to mitigate the negative effects of climate change on human rights (Fiji); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>4. Inter-state cooperation &amp; development assistance 5.2. Institutions &amp; policies 5.2. Institutions &amp; policies <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<p>The advocacy of climate change impacts and issues are still on-going at all levels (National and Sub-national Government, Civil society, Youth and local communities The various regional and international platforms are essential and Kiribati will continue its advocacy of the vulnerability of Kiribati in the face of Climate Change. However a direction set and focus by the current government is to move now towards more action on the ground in improving/strengthening resilience and adaptation of local population. Access to climate financing to cater for the complexities of issues associated with Climate Change.</p>
<p><b><i>Right or area: 5.1. Constitutional &amp; legislative framework</i></b></p>			
<p>84.31. Amend its Constitution to include sex, gender and disability as grounds for non-discrimination (Israel); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Noted</p>	<p>5.1. Constitutional &amp; legislative framework 9. Racial discrimination <b>Affected persons:</b> - women - persons with disabilities - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</p>	

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.62. Enact legislation to cover all forms of violence against women (including physical, sexual, trafficking, sexual harassment, stalking, psychological and economic), protection orders, ancillary civil orders, criminal process and procedure, evidence laws and police powers (Ireland);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>5.1. Constitutional &amp; legislative framework 29.2. Gender-based violence</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b> - women</p>	<p>FPA 2014 – defined "sexual harassment" as an unwelcome sexual advance made in verbal, physical or any other forms, intimidation, threat and other forms of coercion that makes sexual intercourse an unavoidable option for the victim or that creates an unbearable hostile environment and causes damage in terms of the person's employment, professional, economic, psychological and or any other form of well-being. It also criminalizes domestic violence in all its forms – physical, sexual, verbal/emotional/psychological, and economic abuse.</p> <p>FPA 2014 - It provides for an offence of domestic violence and introduces protection orders and police safety orders. It also introduces preventive measures such as education and public awareness programmes to reduce, prevent and eliminate violence. Section 11 deals with who can apply for protection orders — it expands the range of persons, apart from the complainant, who can apply for a protection order on behalf of the complainant who is unable to apply due to injury or fear. Section 14 gives the court power to make protection orders upon being satisfied that the respondent is using or has used domestic violence and it is necessary for the protection of the applicant, or a child or any other member of the family living in the same household. Types of protection orders – Emergency, Temporary, Final Order. As police officers are located on all islands, the Police Safety Orders are a quick intervention strategy to stop the violence. The 14-day duration of a police safety order can assist parties to cool down, seek counselling and advice and give them time to reflect on issues surrounding their lives.</p> <p>EIRC 2015 - mandates all employers to provide for equal employment opportunities by prohibiting direct and indirect discrimination on specific grounds such as ethnic origin, race, colour, religion or political opinion, age, state of health or membership of a trade union; prohibiting sexual harassment, and establishing an obligation on an employer to pay women and men equal remuneration for work of equal value.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.76. Step up the implementation of existing legislation against sexual exploitation of children and adolescents in the country, as well as in its territorial waters, including through raising public awareness on how to prevent and fight this unacceptable practice (Brazil);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>5.1. Constitutional &amp; legislative framework 30.3. Children: protection against exploitation <b>Affected persons:</b> - children</p>	Section 118 of the EIRC 2015, prohibits all worst forms of child labour including but not limited to use of children for prostitution, production of pornography and offering children for illicit activities.
<b><i>Right or area: 5.2. Institutions &amp; policies</i></b>			
<p>84.38. Consider strengthening the independence of the Kiribati National Human Rights Task Force so that it complies with the Paris Principles (Germany);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>5.2. Institutions &amp; policies <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	At the moment, there is nothing done to strengthen the independence of the Kiribati national HR Task Force. The Human Rights Division is planning to invite RRRT to do the scoping on the existed mechanisms.
<p>84.41. Consider developing Human Rights Indicators, as suggested by the OHCHR, as an instrument that allows for a more precise and coherent evaluation of national human rights policies (Portugal);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>5.2. Institutions &amp; policies <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	Kiribati Disability monograph 2017 – Disability-related questions were not explicitly included in national surveys prior to 2015; however, surveys had included reference to disability such as in the 2010 Kiribati Census, when it was cited a reason for non-participation in employment. Challenges related to the limited data collection efforts that have taken place are similar to those identified in surveys administered around the world that focused on the impairment rather than providing a functional-based assessment. The 2015 Kiribati Population and Housing Census marked the first time that disability-related questions were included in the country’s regular national survey. Data collection for the 2015 Kiribati Census used the Washington Group Short Set of Questions on Disability, which are recognized as an international best practice for disability measurement in censuses and population surveys.

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.108. Consider strengthening the positive impact expected from the Kiribati Joint Implementation Plan on Climate Change and Disaster Risk Management on human rights through training of relevant stakeholders on human rights approaches to climate change and disaster risk management (Solomon Islands);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>5.2. Institutions &amp; policies 5.3. Political framework &amp; good governance</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<p>Trainings on CC and DRM are currently being done by various sectors to communities and island councils. Human Rights approaches to CC and DRM would have an avenue to come in and make the linkages accordingly.</p>
<p>84.78. Establish formal procedures to proactively identify trafficking victims among vulnerable populations and refer them to protective services (United States of America);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>5.2. Institutions &amp; policies 12.7. Prohibition of slavery, trafficking</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b> - women - children</p>	

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.39. Ensure that the Child Work Policy complies with human rights obligations and standards (Germany);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>5.2. Institutions &amp; policies                      30.3. Children: protection against exploitation  <b>Affected persons:</b>                      - children</p>	<p>There is no Child Work Policy currently in place. However, recent amendment to the EIRC made in 2017 ensures that the labour inspectors have powers to pull children out any work deemed hazardous to a child and also provisions are included in the act ensuring that regulations can be developed in the future - Employment and Industrial Relations Code, 2015 and its 2017 amendment</p>
<p><b><i>Right or area: 8. Non-discrimination</i></b></p>			

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.53. Introduce legislation to satisfy its commitments on equality and non-discrimination, including as it pertains to same sex relations (Canada);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Noted</p>	<p>8. Non-discrimination            13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - general            - women            - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</p>	<p>FPA 2014 provides protection to both men and women and other members of a household from domestic violence</p> <p>EIRC 2015 prohibits an employer from discriminating, directly or indirectly, any employee or prospective employee in respect of recruitment, training, promotion, terms and conditions of employment, termination of employment, or other matters arising out of the employment relationship, on the basis of (a) ethnic origin, race, colour, national extraction, social origin, social class or economic status; (b) sex, pregnancy, marital status, sexual orientation or family responsibilities; (c) age, state of health, HIV / AIDS status, or disability; (d) religion or political opinion; (e) trade union membership or activity; or (f) involvement in an employment dispute, an investigation or legal proceedings affecting the employer.</p>
<p>84.54. Adopt legislation prohibiting all forms of discrimination of individuals, based on race, colour of the skin, religion, national or ethnic origin, disability, aesthetic aspect, gender, sexual identity or orientation (Uruguay);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Noted</p>	<p>8. Non-discrimination            13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - general            - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</p>	<p>In terms of discrimination in the workforce, Part XII, Section 107 – 114 provides provisions for prohibition for all types of discrimination at work in recruitment, training and promotion. It also ensures equal remuneration for men and women. There is also provision prohibiting victimization and sexual harassment – EIRC 2015</p>



Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.55. Strengthen the measures aimed at guaranteeing gender equality, in particular with regard to the transfer of Kiribati nationality to the children of Kiribati women born abroad, in compliance with article 9, paragraph 2, of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (Argentina);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>8. Non-discrimination            13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - women            - children</p>	<p>Actions Taken - None yet however, the endorsement of the new Gender Equality and Women's Development Policy and work on CEDAW are avenues to achieving this recommendation            Progress to Date - "GEWD Policy has been endorsed. GEWD Policy implementation plan to be developed June 2019"</p> <p>Gender and Climate Change is a relatively new agenda item and one which is being highly considered when projects or action plans are designed. UN multilateral agencies have ensured that Gender is considered in CC Adaptation and at all levels. It is also equally important to consider the sensitivities of gender equality at the island community level and within our pre-existing traditional and cultural governance structures. At the government level this is no longer an issue, at the community level it varies and as we extend to the outer-island communities it becomes a more challenging fact given our traditional maneaba system which our elders and villagers abide by. KJIP is in the review stage and gender considerations are featured in the revised KJIP due to high concerns of gender in the implementation of KJIP and other national key documents of CC and DRM.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.107. Continue to take into consideration the adverse impacts of climate change on people’s access to food and clean water, particularly the most vulnerable sectors of society (Philippines);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>8. Non-discrimination                  22.2. Right to food                  22.6. Human rights &amp; drinking water and sanitation  <b>Affected persons:</b>                  - general</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• South Tarawa Coastal Protection not only to stop erosion but also to protect seawater intrusion to inland food crops and wells (Disaster and Climate Change related project).</li> <li>• CCAP (Climate Change Adaptation Project)</li> </ul> <p>Project is Ongoing until all of South Tarawa coastline is protected (also depends on availability fo funds)</p> <p>The KJIP features addressing the vulnerabilities of the population through Food Security, Water Security initiatives to be undertaken nationally. Currently we are implementing the Whole of Island approach which not only focuses on Food and Water Security but also aims to address all vulnerabilities of Islands (Food, Water, Health, Coastal Protection, Education, Communication barriers). Currently there are eightpilot islands where the WOIA will work on first, Abaiang which is now in its implementation phase, and Tabiteuea Meang, Teraina, Tabuaeran, Kiritimati, Nonouti, Abemama, and Marakei which have completed their initial Vulnerability Assessment and will start soon with strategic planning phase.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.97. Ensure birth registration is available to all its citizens and provide free, inclusive and compulsory education for all children (Sierra Leone);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>8. Non-discrimination 25. Right to education <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<p>MoE provides free education from Years 1 to 9, this is the compulsory school age – Education Act 2013</p> <p>Civil Registration Office (CCD input) - Under Births, Deaths and Marriage Registration Ordinance Cap 5 s9(1), any birth within Kiribati is registered by the registrar for the district where the baby was born. Where a child is and no correct or proper information about the child (infant), the birth must be registered where that child was found. It is the duty of the parents, or person present at birth, medical practitioner or midwife in attendance or a person in charge of the child to register the birth and other required information to the registrar. For an unregistered child or one who has charge of the found child must register the birth to the best of his/her knowledge. Registration of the birth is free if not exceed 12 months since the birth or finding of the child. Late registration must go through late registration assessor and may require payment. Extra process may be imposed if penalty found upon late registration. There is a different process for birth registration if a child is born out of wedlock or an illegitimate child whereby a joint request is made in writing and signed by both the mother and the person acknowledging himself to be the father of the child.</p>
<b><i>Right or area: 12. Right to physical and moral integrity</i></b>			
<p>84.72. Repeal the right “to administer reasonable punishment” and clearly prohibit corporal punishment in all settings, including in the home (Sweden);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>12. Right to physical and moral integrity 13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general <b>Affected persons:</b> - children</p>	<p>Education Act 2013 Section 38(e) clearly states that no corporal punishment is acceptable in all schools. A Principal, teacher or supporting staff of the school who is found to give corporal punishment to any student is subject to a fine of \$1000 or 6 months’ imprisonment.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
84.73. Continue reinforcing the plans and programs for the eradication of corporal punishment of children in the schools as well as in the home (Chile); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	12. Right to physical and moral integrity 13.1. Liberty & security – general <b>Affected persons:</b> - children	The Ministry continues to raise awareness to school teachers and communities that corporal punishment to students is punishable by law – Education Act 2013
<b><i>Right or area: 12.4. Death penalty</i></b>			
84.56. Halt any plans to reinstate the death penalty (Sweden); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	12.4. Death penalty <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	The death penalty that was proposed in parliament in 2014 was not passed due to the fact that protection of rights to life is listed under the Constitution
84.57. Establish a formal moratorium on the death penalty, with a view to ratifying the Second Optional Protocol to the ICCPR (Australia); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	12.4. Death penalty 2.1. Acceptance of international norms <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	
<b><i>Right or area: 12.7. Prohibition of slavery, trafficking</i></b>			
84.74. Efficiently combat international trafficking in young women and prosecute the authors of such crimes (France); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	12.7. Prohibition of slavery, trafficking <b>Affected persons:</b> - women	The Strategic Action Plan of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs states the Enhancing of national security through effective immigration border control and management of Visa and work permit issuing. The penal code and transnational crime act already in place. So far no offence relating to trafficking in young women have been prosecuted. And also Human trafficking is an offence that the Kiribati Police Service already combat with regional partners – Pacific Transnational Crime Coordination Centre.

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.75. Actively conduct education and awareness campaigns on the issue of child prostitution, particularly in well-known meeting places of foreign crew members. These campaigns should make clear that under Kiribati Law, the crime of sex trafficking includes subjecting a child to prostitution even in the absence of transnational movement or the use of force or coercion (United States of America);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>12.7. Prohibition of slavery, trafficking            30.3. Children: protection against exploitation  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - children</p>	<p>The Kiribati Police Service is doing public awareness on these issues. The need to conduct education and awareness campaigns to foreign crew members given that so far none has been undertaken.</p> <p>Section 118 of the EIRC, 2015, prohibits all worst forms of child labour including but not limited to use of children for prostitution, production of pornography and offering children for illicit activities.</p> <p>We have a regular column available for children and women's issues in the Kiribati Newstar newspaper. We have also committed the front-page of the paper to run a story on issues involving children and women at home, school or at the workplace whenever they happen. The Kiribati Newstar also offers a quarter page free space for any awareness and educational issue for children and women.</p>
<p><b><i>Right or area: 13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general</i></b></p>			
<p>84.50. Decriminalize homosexuality and sign the joint declaration of the United Nations General Assembly of 18 December 2008 regarding human rights, sexual orientation and gender identity (France);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Noted</p>	<p>13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</p>	
<p>84.51. Decriminalize consensual sexual relations between adults of the same sex (Slovenia);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Noted</p>	<p>13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</p>	

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
84.52. Adopt measures for the decriminalization of consensual same sex sexual relations (Chile) <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	13.1. Liberty & security – general <b>Affected persons:</b> - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)	
84.69. Intensify its efforts in raising awareness within communities and providing additional training for the police and the judiciary to ensure that victims of sexual and gender-based violence receive adequate medical support and legal aid (Thailand); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	13.1. Liberty & security – general 29.2. Gender-based violence 6. Human rights education and training <b>Affected persons:</b> - women - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)	Judiciary Enabling right project promotes awareness and legal education to women and youth groups to access to quality justice in Kiribati. The Kiribati Police Service also have ongoing activity to conduct awareness campaign once a month to communities and schools.
<b><i>Right or area: 14.3. Freedom of opinion and expression</i></b>			
84.81. Decriminalize defamation and include it under the Civil Code in accordance with international standards, develop self-regulatory mechanisms of the media and strengthen the professional standards of journalism in the country (Estonia); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Noted	14.3. Freedom of opinion and expression <b>Affected persons:</b> - general - media	
<b><i>Right or area: 21. Economic, social &amp; cultural rights – general measures of implementation</i></b>			

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.111. Pay attention to the effects of climate change on environment and social development (China);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>21. Economic, social &amp; cultural rights – general measures of implementation  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - general</p>	<p>On-going initiatives such as KCCP, KJIP, WOIA, KEIP complement national development agendas aiming to reduce vulnerabilities and in turn build adaptive capacity and resilience and empower communities and individual.            Community-based adaptation initiatives will be developed based on findings and results of the Integrated Vulnerability Assessment which has started with 8 islands – Abaiang, Tabiteuea North, Abemama, Nonouti, Tabuaeran, Teraina, Kiritimati, and Marakei</p> <p>Improvement on data collection and storage related to climate change data</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The questionnaire on Climate Change has been reviewed in 2019 to ensure that the data collection on climate change can be easily analysed.</li> <li>2. The data on Climate Change in terms of community vulnerabilities is continuously collected for planning and decision making on adaptation options</li> <li>3. Data related to climate change is stored in a central database for easy access</li> </ol>
<b><i>Right or area: 22.1. Right to an adequate standard of living - general</i></b>			
<p>84.87. Continue consolidating the programs of social protection which are being implemented in order to offer greater well-being and quality of life to its people (Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of));  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>22.1. Right to an adequate standard of living - general  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - general</p>	<p>Improved outer-island rehabilitation services. The Administrative Social Welfare Officers nationwide have been trained on the above mentioned matter to improve rehabilitation services in the outer-islands in terms of personal mobility.</p> <p>Kiribati ratified C111 Convention on Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) in 2009. Particulars of this convention are domesticated in our national law, EIRC, 2015, Part XII. In order to reduce discrimination of Kiribati workers at workplace, strong enforcement of the law and awareness are required. It is however also beneficial if there are social protection in place for marginalized and young group, who are forced to work jobs where they are easily exploited.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.88. Continue the implementation of actions included in the national Development Plan in order to achieve a greater social protection and gender equality (Cuba);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>22.1. Right to an adequate standard of living - general            29.1. Discrimination against women            8. Non-discrimination  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - general            - women            - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</p>	<p>Ongoing implementation of Social Welfare Division Program called ‘Young Couples Initiative Programs’ (it encompasses issues with Human Right, Eliminating Sexual and Gender Based Violence etc) at national level as included in MWYSA Strategic Plan in alignment with Kiribati Development Plan            The national laws of Kiribati have taken into account gender equality and greater social protection. This is evident in the creation of the Family Peace Act.</p> <p>The Women's Development Division runs Women's Economic Empowerment programmes and Eliminating Sexual and Gender Based Violence programmes</p> <p>An Economic Opportunities survey completed in 2018 to determine economic opportunities for Women, A new Women's Economic Empowerment Officer on board, 1st National Women's Expo in 2018. WEE trainings conducted in outer islands to build skills of women in business, handicraft making, and sewing, cooking ESGBV implementation of the ESGBV Policy and Shared Implementation Plan (SHIP) and Te Rau n te Mwenga (Family Peace Act.) Development of Gender Equality and Women's Development Policy endorsed</p>



Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<b><i>Right or area: 22.2. Right to food</i></b>			
<p>84.82. Take steps to ensure the availability of adequate food and freedom from hunger for its citizens (Ireland);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>22.2. Right to food</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<p>1. Five islands had received the agricultural hand tools that distributed to Water user groups and the schools under the KOIFAWP and LDCF projects. These islands include; Abemama, Nonouti, Tab North, Beru and Maiana. The rest of the islands will receive their tools (shovel, spade, fork &amp; wheelbarrow) under the agricultural hand tool project that currently in procurement stage. Farmers association is the target group of this project.</p> <p>2. Total of 1,557 youth trained across 7 islands (Butaritari, Abaiang, North Tarawa, Kuria, Abemama, Tab South and Nikunau) on agricultural and livestock activities.</p> <p>3. 11 communities on South Tarawa have been visited and trained on soil amendment, compost, marcotting, organic liquid fertilizer, seed sowing and transplanting.</p> <p>4. Engagement of over 1400 households in farming under KOIWFAP for Beru, Nonouti, Abemama, Tab North.</p> <p>5. Over 10,000 in 2017 and over 40,000 in 2018 of seedlings (food crops) have been distributed to a number of islands in Kiribati.</p> <p>✚\$70,000 in 2016 for MELAD for agricultural supplies. Various projects to support food production including IFAD Outer Islands Food and Water Project (\$3.4 million), LCDF Enhancing Food Security Project is \$4.4 million. Also the Ministry of Internal Affairs supports council on every islands to implement this project called Local Economic Development in which all islands own a hardware that contains shovel, spade, knives, axes, bicycles, fishing gears, etc. for people to buy and use for survival in the outer island.</p>
<b><i>Right or area: 22.6. Human rights &amp; drinking water and sanitation</i></b>			

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.83. Heed the recommendations of the Special Rapporteur on the human right to safe drinking water and sanitation regarding improvements to water and sanitation infrastructure (Slovenia);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>22.6. Human rights &amp; drinking water and sanitation  <b>Affected persons:</b>                      - general</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNICEF assists in implementing the WASH Program which promotes schools to have WASH facilities (toilets, water for hand washing and brushing of teeth) in schools.</li> <li>• Rehabilitated schools by DFAT have also abide by WASH standards</li> <li>• The National Infrastructure Standard states that all schools must have essential WASH facilities</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Recent Updates</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✚ Ministry of Health establishes a Water quality laboratory to assess the quality of water at community level</li> <li>✚ The South Tarawa Water Supply Project (STWSP) includes installation of a 4,000 m<sup>3</sup>/d capacity desalination plant. GHD Pty Ltd was commissioned in Feb 2018 by the ADB to deliver the Project Preparatory Technical Assistance (PPTA) for the STWSP. Now the project design advance (PDA) phase for the project is being finalized. Consultant team for PDA phase to start mobilizing in later 2018</li> <li>✚ The Kiribati Outer Island Food and Water Project (KOIFAWP) conducted on 4 pilot outer islands (Nonouti, TabNorth, Abemama, Beru) project was started in October 2014 and to end in September 2018. The two major components of the project are the provision of rainwater harvesting systems and promoting farming and consumption of nutritious foods.</li> </ul>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.84. Strengthen implementation of the human right to sanitation at the national level as well as the promotion of hygiene (Spain);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>22.6. Human rights &amp; drinking water and sanitation  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - general</p>	<p>Kiribati Water &amp; Sanitation (KiriWatSan Project) and South Tarawa Sanitation Improvement Project (STSISP). First deals with outer islands while the latter for South Tarawa Only</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continue to implement KIRIWATSAN programs/projects (Kiribati Water &amp; Sanitation) to outer islands</li> <li>• Health awareness and promotion on the use of safe/clean water for consumption to avoid diarrheal illness</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Recent Updates</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kiriwatsan II commenced in August 2014, focuses on improvement and maintenance of the water and sanitation infrastructure in 35 villages from 8 of the target islands (Makin, Butaritari, Marakei, Abaiang, Maiana, Nonouti, Beru, Nikunau) and supports capacity development throughout the 16 islands The project is due to end in May 2018; however team is requesting an extension for another 12 months and had been approved.</li> <li>• The STSISP project includes rehabilitation of sewerage and saltwater systems and outfalls, expect to have come to completion by end of 2018</li> </ul>
<p>84.86. Strengthen its legal and institutional frameworks with respect to the implementation of human rights and the right to water and sanitation (Trinidad and Tobago);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>22.6. Human rights &amp; drinking water and sanitation  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - general</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Existing Act</li> <li>• National Water Resource and National Sanitation Policies 2008-2018 are under review by National Water and Sanitation Coordination Committee</li> </ul>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.85. Ensure affordable access to water and sanitation, and that the price paid for access to these rights is not incompatible with access to other rights such as food, housing or education (Spain); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>22.6. Human rights &amp; drinking water and sanitation 22.2. Right to food 22.3. Right to adequate housing 25. Right to education <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	
<p>84.91. Adopt sanitation and residual water treatment strategies in order to prevent the high rate of child mortality due to water-related diseases (Mexico); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>22.6. Human rights &amp; drinking water and sanitation 24. Right to health <b>Affected persons:</b> - children</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Actions Taken</b></p> <p>🚧 On Site Sanitation Project (OSSP) is currently on trial /pilot phase (30 onsite septic tanks to install) <span style="float: right;">Trial</span> various treatment options (on Site - off the grid - Sanitation), and adopt the best option that suit Kiribati Context</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Progress to date</b></p> <p>🚧 Ground water monitoring commences from June 2017 and anticipated to complete around June 2020.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Recent Updates</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• On Site Sanitation Project (OSSP). This is currently on trial /pilot phase (30 onsite septic tanks to install).</li> <li>• Contract has been awarded, construction has started. At present, 10 installation at 9 different sites captured by construction contract between MISE and Hitek constructions. The contractor has commenced primary civil works such as installation of sample tubes and excavation of soakway pits, etc. Expect delay for completion of project to 2019</li> </ul>
<b><i>Right or area: 24. Right to health</i></b>			

## UPR of Kiribati - Second Cycle

## Thematic list of recommendations

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Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
84.89. Continue its efforts to reduce the maternal and infant mortality rates (Indonesia); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	24. Right to health <b>Affected persons:</b> - women - children	Midwives available on outer islands clinics and outreach services for maternal and child - Provision of Reproductive, Maternal, Neonatal, Child, Adolescent, Health (RMNCAH) to outer islands - Dissemination/Advocacy of Exclusive breastfeeding policy to general public - Signed MOU with KIFHA to work together with MHMS on Family Planning - Contribute to the study scope for Child Support Fund Also in all villages on the island, they have nurse aid that provides assistance to nurses from the hospital with delivering babies in their villages. These nurse aids are paid by the island council.
84.90. Urgently take appropriate measures to address high infant and child mortality rates (Maldives); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	24. Right to health <b>Affected persons:</b> - women - children	Same with 84.89
84.92. Continue to improve its health system and ensure access to quality health for all (Singapore); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	24. Right to health <b>Affected persons:</b> - general	The Ministry of Health review its National Health Strategic Plan every 4 years. Conduct Joint Annual Performance Review & Health Forum annually. Revise Essential Drug List, Utilize Kiribati National Essential Equipment List for Development partners' assistance. And finalized scope for Hospital Master Plan.
84.94. Further promote the right to health in Kiribati, in particular by providing access to essential health-care facilities (Armenia); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1	Supported	24. Right to health <b>Affected persons:</b> - children	The Ministry of Health and Medical Services established Public Health Clinic in communities and isolated islets. - Southern Kiribati Hospital serving the southern group of Kiribati. Christmas Hospital serving the Line and Phoenix group. And Tungaru Central Hospital upgraded to teaching hospital and Kiribati Internship Program Established and started intaking Tuvaluan doctors.

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.93. Improve its public health system, especially to upgrade the existing facilities in both central and local hospitals nationwide, as well as to put in place measures to reduce infant mortality, malnutrition, and epidemics, especially HIV/AIDS (Thailand);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>24. Right to health                  22.1. Right to an adequate standard of living - general  <b>Affected persons:</b>                  - general                  - children</p>	<p>The Ministry of Health have funding secured for expansion of Tungaru Central Hospital, TB Ward, Ronton Hospital and Betio Hospital. Seek continued Financial and technical assistance for NCD, Reproductive Health, Communicable disease, Capacity Buiding, Strengthen Health Information System and Primary Health Care from development partners. Established Communicable Disease Control Unit. Established RMNCAH program to expand these services to all of Kiribati. Developing national guidelines on HIV testing services (HTS). The outer islands councils are implementing the Open Defecation Free (ODF). Also they banned smoking in public areas including maneaba etc.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons
<i>Right or area: 25. Right to education</i>		

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.95. Following the enactment of the Education Act (2013), adopt policies and regulations to strengthen access to and quality of education, which is free and compulsory for all school-aged children (Maldives);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	<p>Supported</p>	<p>25. Right to education  <b>Affected persons:</b>                      - general</p>	<p>MoE is committed to providing quality education and the following has been done to improve quality education:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Increasing KTC intakes from 30 to 100 per year (since 2018) so that we are able to provide all schools with qualified teachers in a timelier manner. This is to also improve the pupil teacher ratio (desired 1:30)</li> <li>ii. The Ministry is embarking on Teacher Registration (TR) which aims to register all teachers who meet the required benchmark as prescribed in the Education Act. If a teacher does not pass the requirements, he/she will not be registered and so teachers are now undertaking Professional Developments to enable them to meet the minimum requirements of TR. TR also allows for the de-registration of a teacher that is not performing well hence, this tool will ensure that all teachers perform well and deliver quality education to students.</li> <li>iii. KTC is offering professional developments on classroom managements, pedagogies and other related courses to upgrade skills of existing teachers. These trainings are also open for teachers of mission schools. Overall aim of these PDs is to enhance teachers' capacity in delivery lessons to their students.</li> <li>iv. New monitoring tools for teachers was rolled out in 2018 which allows the Ministry to effectively assess teacher performance and to be able to intervene in a timelier manner when a teacher is not performing well. This assessment tool is also used for salary increment purpose instead of SPA as used by other civil servants.</li> <li>v. Rehabilitate schools with the help of DFAT for Primary schools in South Tarawa, Line Islands and several schools on selected outer islands. The Ministry continues to provide rehabilitation for schools in critical conditions for instance, the JSS on Kiritimati Island which is funded by GoK</li> </ul> <p>The Ministry of Education do follow up and consultations.</p>



Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.96. Finalize the development of the Inclusive Education Policy giving effect to the right to education of all school-aged children and young persons (South Africa); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>25. Right to education <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<p>Vocational education to be inclusive and encompass the marginalized group. <b>Actions Taken</b>   The Kiribati Government passed the Inclusive Education policy in 2015</p>
<p>84.98. Continue its efforts to raise education standards and improve access to education (Singapore); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>25. Right to education <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<p>There are primary schools and JSS schools on all islands which caters for students under compulsory education (Years 1 to). Free transportations are also provided in all outer islands and the Ministry is currently in the process of acquiring more school transports (7 big buses for S. Tarawa and Kiritimati and 20 big trucks for all outer islands). Not all islands have Senior Secondary Schools but the Government provides free transportation of subsidizes students to get to school and back home for the Christmas break. Ministry of Education continue effort to raise education standards and improve access to education. Free transport is provided and free stationeries to primary 1 to year 9.</p>
<p>84.102. Further increase inputs in education and further improve school enrolment rate (China); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>25. Right to education <b>Affected persons:</b> - general</p>	<p>As in 84.95 ad 84.98   Preschool in the outer is free and their teachers are paid from the island council. The building is also built by the island council either in the council area or in every village for long islands.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.103. Continue to boost its well-established education policies which guarantee a quality education system for all (Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of));</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>25. Right to education</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- general</li> </ul>	<p>As in 84.95</p> <p>⚡MOE continue to reinforce education policy through implementing Teachers service standards. (School Leader Service Standards)</p>
<p>84.99. Expedite its work on policy formulation on inclusive education with particular focus on girls (Sri Lanka);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>25. Right to education</p> <p>29.1. Discrimination against women</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- general</li> <li>- girls</li> </ul>	<p>There are no restrictions to girls’ education. As a matter of fact, school enrolments show that there are more girls than boys in schools. (Education Act)</p>
<p>84.100. Enshrine the right to education in its Constitution and allow pregnant girls to pursue their education in schools of their choice (Timor-Leste);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>25. Right to education</p> <p>29.1. Discrimination against women</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- general</li> <li>- girls</li> </ul>	<p>Education Act 2013 Section 41(2) states that pregnant girls must be given the right to continue their education.</p>
<p>84.101. Ensure that pregnant girls and young mothers have the opportunity to continue their education (Slovenia);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>25. Right to education</p> <p>29.1. Discrimination against women</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- women</li> <li>- girls</li> </ul>	<p>Education Act 2013 Section 41(2) states that pregnant girls must be given the right to continue their education.</p>
<b>Right or area: 29.1. Discrimination against women</b>			
<p>84.48. Take all measures necessary to eliminate discrimination against women in all areas, including access to land and employment, as well as economic and political participation (Namibia);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>29.1. Discrimination against women</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- women</li> </ul>	<p>In terms of discrimination in the workforce, Part XII, Section 107 – 114 provides provisions for prohibition for all types of discrimination at work in recruitment, training and promotion. It also ensures equal remuneration for men and women. There is also provision prohibiting victimization and sexual harassment.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.49. Design a targeted campaign challenging patriarchal attitudes and gender stereotypes (Slovenia);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.1. Discrimination against women</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- women</li> <li>- girls</li> <li>- Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</li> </ul>	<p>SPV in its 2nd phase now. Training have been conducted to newly recruited project team of 7 (4 women and 3 men).</p> <p>Baseline study conducted in pilot communities before the project starts in the community to enable them to measure the impact of the project Annual 16 days of Activism on EVAW always including national campaigns by male and youth champions.</p> <p><b>Action taken:</b> SPV project underway from 2018-2021 targeting changing attitudes through mobilising communities to work together to address SGBV</p> <p>16 Days of activism campaign to End Violence Against women and girls every year(25th Nov-10th Dec)</p>
<p>84.40. Establish an inter-institutional coordination mechanism to promote gender equality and the implementation of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (Mexico);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.1. Discrimination against women</p> <p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- women</li> </ul>	<p>In terms of discrimination in the workforce, Part XII, Section 107 – 114 provides provisions for prohibition for all types of discrimination at work in recruitment, training and promotion. It also ensures equal remuneration for men and women. There is also provision prohibiting victimization and sexual harassment.</p> <p>MWYSA is using existing gender Taskforces hosted by Women Development Division and Human Right to promote Gender Equality to implement CEDAW. The Ministry of Internal Affairs is encouraging women to participate in the election or be a candidate. (radio &amp; workshop through the assistance of UNWomen)</p>
<p>84.79. Promote and support the participation of women in decision-making at all levels (New Zealand);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.1. Discrimination against women</p> <p>18. Right to participate in public affairs &amp; right to vote</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- women</li> </ul>	<p>GEWD Policy has been endorsed and implementation plan to be completed by July 2019.</p> <p><b>Action taken:</b> Develop Gender Equality and Women's Development Policy and included a priority of Increasing Women's Participation and Leadership</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.80. Continue policies and programs aiming at the improvement of women’s participation in the political life and decision-making processes, including through measures aimed at reserving a quota in positions in the Parliament and Administrations for women, following international good practices (Costa Rica); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Noted	<p>29.1. Discrimination against women 18. Right to participate in public affairs &amp; right to vote <b>Affected persons:</b> - women</p>	
<b>Right or area: 29.2. Gender-based violence</b>			
<p>84.32. Strengthen legal frameworks to effectively eliminate violence against women (Sierra Leone); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence <b>Affected persons:</b> - women</p>	<p>Magistrate training on EVAW and Te Rau te Mwenga Act. Front Line police officers are trained on Te Rau n Te Mwenga Act. Hearing of domestic violence cases, custody and maintenance of children cases is one of Judiciary’s priority. The cases are treated as urgent matters and Magistrates are expected to immediately deal with such cases in order for victims to be socially, emotionally financially safe and secure and protected. Court clerks are also expected to provide special care and reliable customer services to vulnerable people (victims of sexual and domestic violence, disabled person,) when dealing with them.</p>
<p>84.33. Conduct a wider review of its penal code in assessing its effectiveness to address domestic violence cases (New Zealand); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence <b>Affected persons:</b> - women - children - girls</p>	<p>There is a need to amend the Penal Code in regard to some offences stipulated under this code. Some offences offer lenient punishment which is way too low compared to what the perpetrator committed. However so far there is nothing been done.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.34. Ensure the appropriate implementation of the Te Rau N Te Mweenga Law from 2014 to combat gender-based violence (Spain);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence  <b>Affected persons:</b>                      - women                      - girls                      - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</p>	<p>Draft Counselling framework completed                      Kiribati standard Operating Procedures to respond to GBV completed and launched.                      Drafted TOR for Advisory council                      Positions to support coordinators of TRNTM Act implementation with funding IEC materials for frontline service providers on GBV Completion of Police SOP's, draft Health SOP, Communication and awareness on TRNTM to local community. Training to Police in the outer islands and Tarawa stations.  <b>Action taken:</b> Implement activities from the TE Rau n te Mwenga act Implementation plan.</p>
<p>84.35. Ensure the effective implementation of the Family Peace Act to address the issue of domestic violence (Sri Lanka);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence  <b>Affected persons:</b>                      - women                      - girls</p>	<p>The Act is already in place and implemented. The prosecution in liaison with the crime unit have been conducting consultations on the islands of Kiribati regarding the Act and raise awareness. The Kiribati Police Service training Package on Te Rau N Te Mwenga Act has been developed and implemented to our front line police officers, special constables and village wardens.</p>
<p>84.36. Swiftly finalize the Family Peace Act Implementation Plan to ensure the Act is effective in providing protection and redress for victims of domestic violence (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence  <b>Affected persons:</b>                      - women                      - girls</p>	<p>Family Peace Act Implementation Plan was launched November 2017.</p>

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## Thematic list of recommendations

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Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.37. Implement the Family Peace Act (2014) as a matter of priority to address domestic violence (Fiji);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - women            - girls</p>	<p>TRNTM Implementation Plan complete Draft Counselling framework completed Kiribati standard Operating Procedures to respond to GBV completed and launched Drafted TOR for Advisory council Positions to support coordinators of TRNTM Act implementation with funding            IEC materials for frontline service providers on GBV            Completion of Police SOP's, draft Health SOP, Communication and awareness on TRNTM to local community. Training to Police in the outer islands and Tarawa stations.  <b>Action taken:</b> TRNTM (Family Peace act) Implementation plan developed to implement the Te Rau n te Mwenga Act</p>
<p>84.63. Reinforce its policies and develop specific programs aimed at preventing and effectively responding to domestic violence against women, including cases of rape within the family (Brazil);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - women</p>	<p>Prevention Programs that had been implemented in country includes            - Integration of GBV into the school curriculum            - Respectful Relationship in schools            - Male advocacy Program            - Men's Behavioral Change</p>
<p>84.64. Continue to implement initiatives such as a referral network (SafeNet) and pursue preventive measures aimed at reducing the levels of violence against women (Australia);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - women</p>	<p>Safenet position extended            a. Development of the Kiribati SOP for GBV Response b. Monthly meeting of the Case Management Review Committee c. Developing Information Education Communication Materials d. and Developing Gender Based Violence Database.</p>
<p>84.65. Strengthen the measures to stop violence against women, including information and awareness-raising programs (Chile);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence  <b>Affected persons:</b>            - women</p>	<p>Safenet conduct training to all Safenet members to improve service delivery to victims of violence. White Ribbon Campaign and 16 days of activism conducted annually and continuous community awareness on EVAW.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.66. Continue to take steps to tackle gender-based violence (Singapore);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence  <b>Affected persons:</b>                      - women                      - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</p>	<p>GEWD Policy has been endorsed and implementation plan to be completed by July 2019.  <b>Action taken:</b> Develop Gender Equality and Women's Development Policy and included a priority of Increasing Women's Participation and Leadership</p>
<p>84.71. Undertake further work to ensure that the law is adequate to prosecute cases involving domestic violence and that such laws are properly enforced through, for example, increased police capacity-building and the appointment of female officers (New Zealand);  <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence                      5.2. Institutions &amp; policies  <b>Affected persons:</b>                      - women                      - children                      - girls</p>	<p>Training of Police officers, special constables and village wardens on EVAW, Human Right and their role under Te Rau n te Mwenga Act.                      All 4 Police stations on South Tarawa had female police officers to serve DV victims. Conduct training to Police officers, special constables and village wardens on Human Right, Gender Base violence and their role under Te Rau n te Mwenga Act and Police Powers &amp; Duties Act. And also women intake increase to 1/3 of the intake and female officers are allocated to every shift in all four stations. In addition the Public Service Office provides support sending police officers to study undergraduate courses.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.58. Implement the National Action Plan Eliminating Sexual and Gender Based Violence and review its laws, policies and practices which perpetuate discrimination against women and girls and their marginalization, in accordance with the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, to which Kiribati is a party (France);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence 5.2. Institutions &amp; policies 2.1. Acceptance of international norms</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b> - women - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT) - girls</p>	<p>Running a couple of Response and prevention programm such as SPV</p> <p><b>action taken:</b> Implementing the ESGBV Shared Implementation Plan (SHIP)</p> <p>The new Employment and Industrial Relations Code 2015 has introduced a special provision dealing with the prohibition of discrimination. This part mandates all employers to provide for equal employment opportunities by prohibiting direct and indirect discrimination on grounds of gender, ethnic origin, race, colour, religion, age etc. This part also makes special measures of establishing an obligation on an employer to pay women and men equal remuneration for work of equal value. Kiribati is party to the Equal remuneration convention since 2009</p>
<p>84.59. Take all necessary measures to address domestic violence and sexual harassment as well as social discrimination against women, in accordance with the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (Italy);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence 13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b> - women</p>	<p>Set up ESGBV task force to monitor and coordinate ESGBV programmes, recruit a total of 12 officers working on various areas of GBV. Managing 3 ESGBV related projects ie ESP, RR and SPV.</p> <p><b>Action taken:</b> Develop and implement ESGBV Policy, SHIP, Family Peace Act an its implementation plan In terms of discrimination in the workforce, Part XII, Section 107 – 114 provides provisions for prohibition for all types of discrimination at work in recruitment, training and promotion. It also ensures equal remuneration for men and women. There is also provision prohibiting victimization and sexual harassment.</p> <p>Section 112 of the Employment and Industrial Relations Act provides special measure of protection and assistance to prohibit sexual harassment in the workplaces.</p>



Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.61. Continue efforts in the implementation of its National Approach to Eliminating Sexual and Gender Based Violence in Kiribati (South Africa); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence 13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general <b>Affected persons:</b> - women - girls - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT)</p>	<p>The Shared Implementation Plan which is a 5 year plan is develop to operationalize the National Action Plan. Under this plan all activities are selected and prioritize each year and implemented.</p>
<p>84.60. Continue to vigorously implement the National Approach to Eliminating Sexual and Gender Based Violence in Kiribati to ensure the full enjoyment of human rights for all persons, and accede to the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography (Germany); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence 13.1. Liberty &amp; security – general 30.3. Children: protection against exploitation <b>Affected persons:</b> - women - Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons (LGBT) - children</p>	<p>The Shared Implementation Plan which is a 5 year plan is develop to operationalize the National Action Plan. Under this plan all activities are selected and prioritize each year and implemented. Child prostitution is illegal in Kiribati and is an offence under the Penal Code. Laws such as Juvenile Justice Act and Family Peace Act which relates to sexual gender based violence, child prostitution and child pornography to be introduced to Magistrates at islands and awareness discussion should be carried out in order for judicial officers to familiarize themselves and to be able to deal with such cases accordingly.</p>
<p>84.68. Continue to take concrete measures to prevent violence and sexual offences against women and children and to ensure the prosecution of perpetrators of such violence (Netherlands); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>29.2. Gender-based violence 30.1. Children: definition, general principles, protection <b>Affected persons:</b> - women - children</p>	<p>An introduction and training on Family Peace Act, Juvenile Justice Act and Children and Young Family Welfare Act has been conducted to Magistrates and court clerks of South and North Tarawa in December 2015. Also Primary Prevention Programs had been conducted in Kiribati and this includes integration of GBV into School Curriculum, community awareness, Respectful Relationship Program in schools, Male Advocacy program etc.</p>
<p><b><i>Right or area: 30.3. Children: protection against exploitation</i></b></p>			

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.77. Adopt a list of hazardous work activities prohibited for children, and better enforce existing laws to fully protect children from the worst forms of child labour and all forms of sexual exploitation (United States of America); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>30.3. Children: protection against exploitation <b>Affected persons:</b> - children</p>	<p>The draft list of hazardous work is currently under review by the Ministry of Labour &amp; Human Resources Developments and its tripartite forum (Decent Work Agenda Steering Committee). Once the work on this is completed, the list will be provided to the Minister for legalization as in pursuant to the act.</p>
<b><i>Right or area: 31.1. Persons with disabilities: definition, general principles</i></b>			
<p>84.42. Make every effort to finalize policies in the areas of disability, inclusive education, child labor, gender equality and women’s development and to progress in achieving measurable results in their implementation within the time frame prior to its next UPR (Solomon Islands); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>31.1. Persons with disabilities: definition, general principles <b>Affected persons:</b> - persons with disabilities</p>	<p>There is ongoing bilateral with Ministry of Women, Youth, Sports and Social Affairs, CRPD division in developing a Disability Inclusive Policy.</p>
<p>84.105. Continue its efforts to promote and protect all human rights, in particular those of persons with disabilities (Portugal); <b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>31.1. Persons with disabilities: definition, general principles <b>Affected persons:</b> - general - persons with disabilities</p>	<p>The MWYSSA continues to lobby for the rights of persons with disabilities in policy reviews and legislative reviews as they come along. It continues to have an outlook on how the human rights of people with disabilities can be better supported.</p>

Recommendation	Position	Full list of rights/affected persons	
<p>84.106. Strengthen policies on accessibility to ensure that persons with disabilities can enjoy their rights (Spain);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>31.1. Persons with disabilities: definition, general principles</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <p>- persons with disabilities</p>	<p>The National Building Code has been amended to include the NDP3 Accessibility for Persons with Disability. The Inclusive Education Policy has been assented by Parliament. Disability Employment Policy: this is under development and awaiting the feedback of Te Toa Matoa so that the MLHRD can formalize the policy for Parliament ascension. Participation in elections and public life: Policies are being looked at to accessibility for persons with disability in the national elections and politics. A disability act will also be looked to further enhance social protection measures and to promote the human rights of persons with disability in all sectors of personal and public life.</p>
<p>84.104. Continue the elaboration of the National Disability Policy and ensure effective implementation in line with the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, and accede to the Optional Protocol to the Convention (Germany);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>31.1. Persons with disabilities: definition, general principles</p> <p>5.2. Institutions &amp; policies</p> <p>2.1. Acceptance of international norms</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <p>- persons with disabilities</p>	<p>The Kiribati National Disability Policy has been adopted by the GOK on the 24th of September 2018. The KNDP will form the framework for which the GOK ministries can work against to understand and achieve their roles</p>
<p>84.43. Continue its work towards the development of a National Disability Policy and a Child Labour Policy (Trinidad and Tobago);</p> <p><b>Source of position:</b> A/HRC/29/5/Add.1</p>	Supported	<p>31.1. Persons with disabilities: definition, general principles</p> <p>30.1. Children: definition, general principles, protection</p> <p><b>Affected persons:</b></p> <p>- persons with disabilities</p>	<p>Currently there is no Child Labour (Work) Policy in place, there is however drafting of Lists of light &amp; Hazardous works.</p>